Bellefonte Republican.

Watchman

Established In 1869} "Let Us See To it that A Government of the People, for the People and by the People, Shall Not perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. TERMS : $1 50 Per Year

VOL. XXX BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 14, 1899. NO. 34

DREYFUS CONDEMNED.

Court-Martial Again Finds the Prisoner Guilty of Treason.

SENTENCED TO TEN YEARS' TORTURE

The Court Decides by a Vote of Five to Two That the Defendant is Guilty Though No Evidence Was Produced.

CONNECTED HISTORY OF THE TRIAL

RENNES, September 11.—The final session of the court-martial held here Saturday found Captain Dreyfus guilty of holding treasonable relations with a foreign power, and sentenced him to a detention of ten years. The vote stood 5 to 2 in favor of the prosecution. The text of the judgment was as follows :

To-day, September 9, 1899, in the court-martial of the Tenth Region army corps, deliberating behind closed doors, the president put the following question :

"Is Alfred Dreyfus brevet captain, Fourteenth regiment of artillery, probationer on the general staff, guilty of having, in 1894, entered into machinations or held relations with a foreign power, or one of its agents, in order to induce it to commit hostility or undertake war against France, or to procure for it the means therefor, by delivering the notes and documents mentioned in the documents called the bordereau, according to the decision of the court of cassation of June 3, 1899."

The votes were taken separately, beginning by the inferior grade and youngest in the last grade. the president having given his opinion last. The court declares on the question by a majority of 5 votes to 2, "Yes," the accused is guilty.

The majority agreed that there are extenuating circumstances, in consequence of which, and on the request of the commissary of the government, the president put the question and received again the votes in the above mentioned form.

As a result, the court condemns, by a majority of 5 votes to 2, Alfred Dreyfus to the punishment of ten years' detention.

Though a majority of those in the court room Saturday afternoon fully expected the verdict, they were completely stupefied when it was given, and the silence which prevailed in the room and the way men turned pale and caught their breathe was more impressive than any other manifestation could have been.

Maitre Demange sank back in his chair and tears trickled down his cheeks, and Maitre Labori turned white as a sheet, while all around the court men looked at each other in silence. Positively the only sound to be heard was the rustling of papers from the reporters' benches as each press representative tried to be first to send the news.

As the audience left the court room fully ten or fifteen men were crying openly, but the majority of those present walked quietly down the street for more than a block without speaking a word. It was like a funeral procession.

Meanwhile a tragedy was being enacted in the little room off the court room, where Dreyfus listened to the reading of the verdict. He had been informed of the result by his lawyers and had wept bitterly, but when in the presence of the officials of the court-martial he listened impassively to the sentence.

His wife, who was waiting in torture and suspense at her house, bore the news bravely, and when visiting her husband Saturday afternoon, showed to the onlookers who were in the streets no sign of her suffering as she walked from her carriage to the prison.

The general belief is that Dreyfus will be pardoned, but this will not satisfy his friends, who vehemently declare that they will refuse to accept the verdict, and will continue the battle until the judgment is reversed. The verdict, they say, is directed more against the Jews than against Dreyfus, and if allowed to stand will make their existence in France impossible. Maitre Labori and Maitre Demange took the midnight train for Paris. They drove to the station in a closed carriage, escorted by four mounted gendarmes. The road was practically deserted, and no demonstration occurred on the way to the station. Maitre Demange and Maitre Labori Sunday signed an application for a revision of the case, although there is no hope that the verdict will be reversed. Both are much upset, though it can hardly be said that they are surprised.

—Detroit capitalists have completed arrangements for a new electric road from Toledo to Buffalo, the longest line of its kind in the world.

THE PICNIC PROGRAM.

Greater Attractions than Ever Before.—Balloon Ascensions.

The Grange Encampment and Exhibition now promises to surpass any other ever held at Grange Park. Every foot of space in the buildings has been engaged, and additional buildings will be put up to meet the demand. The Committee has been compelled to purchase large additional canvas, and will be able to supply all who may wish to exhibit.

Nearly all the canvas and exhibition buildings are in place. The exhibition will open Friday, the 15th.

Saturday, the 16th, the Veteran Club will hold its Annual Reunion, which promises to be the largest ever held in the county.

Sunday, the 17th, there, will be a grand Harvest Home gathering, conducted by the Y. M. C. A Association of Bellefonte, at 10.00 a. m. and 2.00 p. m., which will be a treat that should not be missed by any one. 7.00 p. m., Religion services by Rev. Rhoads of Centre Hall.

Monday, the 18th, final placing of all the exhibits, especially the live stock department.

Monday evening, at 7.30 p. m., a grand free, public entertainment, by the Orlental Troubadour Jubilee Singers, conducted by "Paddy Murphy," the well-known singing comedian, and "Fabian," the great card manipulator, magician and mind reader, of Philadelphia. This Company will give two free performances each day, through the kindness of Thornton Barnes, of Philadelphia, who is one of the leading exhibitors at Grange Park.

Tuesday, the 19th, at 10.00 a. m., public reception, under the auspices of the County Grange, presided over by Worthy Master, George Dale. Addresses will be delivered by Col. Weaver, I. S. Frain and others. Recitations and select reading by Miss Brewer, of Delaware county. At 2.00 p. m., addresses by our visiting friends, and music, conducted by the Opera Company.

At 4.00 p. m., a grand balloon ascension, by Prof. C. J. Darwin, exhibiting his daring feats on the trapeze and his wonderful flying leap, with the aid of a parachute in mid air.

At 7.30 p. m., a free public entertainment by the Troubadour Jubilee singers, led by "Paddy Murphy," the great singing comedian, and "Fabian," the great magician and mind reader.

Wednesday, 10.00 a. m., address by J. F. Ailman, secretary of the State Grange, and W. B. Packard, Lecturer of the State Grange.

At 1.30 p. m., an address by Hon. W. T. Creasy, the farmer candidate for State Treasurer, and others who may be present. All farmers should come and hear what Mr. Creasy has to say from a farmer's stand point.

At 7.30 p. m., another grand free entertainment by the Troubadour singers.

Thursday, September 21st, at 10.00 a. m., an address by Mrs. Helen Johnson, of Erie county, and Mr. Martin, Deputy Secretary of Agriculture.

At 1.30 p. m., an address by Hon. Mortimer Whitehead, Past Lecturer of the National Grange, followed by W. F. Hill Worthy Master of the State Grange, and others.

At 4.00 p. m., another balloon ascension.

At 7.30 p. m., the last grand free entertainment of the encampment, by "Paddy Murphy" and "Fabian."

Friday. Sept. 22nd, at 10.00 a. m., closing exercises of the Encampment, which should be attended by every Patron.

Special programs will be published daily in advance, and posted on the camp grounds. No doubt other speakers will be in attendance during the week.

The Committee of Arrangements take pleasure in making this public announcement of what will be one of the grandest entertainments ever held on the Grange camp ground, and we confidently hope to receive the support and patronage of the people in the central part of the state.

The Wedding March at State College

The Bellefonte Amateur Dramatic Club which scored such a success here recently in "The Wedding March" have kindly consented to produce this drama at State College next Friday evening. The proceeds are for the benefit of the State College foot ball team. The people of Bellefonte have always shown a great interest in the games played by State and are always anxious to see it succeed. Now here is a chance for us to show our appreciation of their work by attending this play and thus helping them financially. A special train will be run on the Bellefonte Central returning immediately after the play.

—E. T. Dunn, a leading Democrat of Findlay, Ohio, has withdrawn from the party on account of its attitude on the Philippine question.

SOLDIERS FOR GEN. OTIS

All Volunteer Regiments to Be Sent to Manila.

THE REGULAR ARMY IS FULL

Such Enlistments for It as are Being Made in this Country are Merely to Provide Against Casualities in the Philippines.

62,000 MEN FOR PHILIPPINE SERVICE

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.—With the orders issued on Saturday by the war department for the enlistment of two additional regiments of volunteer infantry, to be composed of negroes, the government has provided for a military force of nearly 62,000 men, inclusive of officers, for service in the Philippines, The United States army, regular and volunteer, is within little more than 2,000 of its total enlisted strength, or will be when all the volunteer regiments authorized up to date have been formed. The regular army is full. Such enlistments for it as are being made in this country are merely to provide against casualities in the Philippines, and actually represent an addition to the total authorized strength of the regular establishment, 65,000 men. Of the 35,000 men authorized for the volunteer army, 32,616 are to be enlisted under instructions issued up to date. This leaves a surplus of only 2,314 men, not enough for the full regiments. That orders will be issued soon for recruiting up to the total strength of 100,000 men authorized by congress is regarded as certain.

Including the negro command, twenty-two regiments of volunteer infantry are to be enlisted in the United States. In he Philippines, General Otis is organizing two regiments of infantry and one of cavalry. About half the requisite number of men has been secured from among discharged regulars and volunteers who participated in the Philippine campaign, and the rest will be supplied from this country. Each regiment of infantry will consist of 1,309 men, exclusive of the officers, and the cavalry regiments will consist of 1,200 enlisted men. The twenty-four infantry regiments will number 31,416 men, and, with the addition of the cavalry regiment, the volunteers to serve in the Philippines will consist of twenty-five commands, numbering in all 32,616 men. Ten volunteer regiments, all infantry, have been filled. Recruiting for thirteen more regiments, including the three in the Philippines, has been progressing, and about one-tenth the requisite number of recruits has been secured.

It is believed at the war department that there will be no difficulty in filling the ranks of the two negro regiments. So great was the rush of negros to enlist in the four regular regiments composed of men of their race that these regiments were filled rapidly and the war department was obliged to issue orders to the recruiting officers to take no more negro recruits. If the expectations of the army officers in regard to the volunteer regiments to be composed of negroes are realized, it is probable that authority will be given for the enlistment of enough colored men to fill the quota of the volunteer army. Should this be done, General Otis will be assured of a fighting force of nearly 62,000 men, exclusive of officers. It is the present intention to send every volunteer command, authorized or in prospective, to the Philippines.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.—General Otis yesterday informed the war department that two companies of the Nineteenth infantry left Sunday night for Iloilo, to be followed today by headquarters and the balance of the two battalions, to relieve the Tennessee regiment at Iloilo and Cebu, The following also was received from General Otis: "Following minor affairs are reported: Captain Butler, Third infantry, with portion of Balluag troops, drove the insurgents at San Rafael, capturing seven, with arms. Insurgent forces made demonstration against Sanatarita, on Porac road. Loss, two officers. Six priyates, with arms, captured by Major Bell. No casualties among our troops."

Tyrone Will Provide Water Supply.

The Tyrone borough council passed an ordinance Saturday morning providing for a municipal water supply plant. The source of supply is to be 100 springs about two miles east of here. The water will be pumped to a reservoir at a high elevation. The council claims this action was forced in consequence of their inability to acquire the present corporation plant at a reasonable cost.—Tyrone Herald.

—A movement is on foot to boom Governor Roosevelt for the Vice Presidential nomination, but his friends do not take kindly to the plan.

OFF FOR CAMP MEADE.

Six Centre County Boys Enter Uncle Sam's Service.

For the past week 2nd Lieut. George L. Jackson of the 47th U. S. Volunteers has been conducting a recruiting station at this place and six Centre county boys have successfully passed the rigid examination and been enlisted in the service of Uncle Sam. They are Richard Taylor, George Sunday, Jesse Underwood, Samuel Meese, James Vallance all of Bellefonte; and John A. Thomas, of Port Matilda.

Their transportation arrived Monday with orders to start for Camp Meade on the 2:15 train Tuesday afternoon which they did. They have enlisted for service in the Philippines and expect to eat their Christmas dinner in Manila. They will become members of the 47th U. S. Volunteers and hope to be lucky enough to be in the company of which George L. Jackson is to be the 2nd Lieutenant.

It will be a great trip for the boys and there was a large crowd at the station to bid them good-bye and wish them a hearty Godspeed on their journey and a safe return to their native town.

The squad will be under charge of Corporal Richard Taylor and will proceed directly to Camp Meade where they will go into camp. The regiment expects to start for Manila about the first of November.

Lieut. Jackson will remain here a few days longer and will no doubt take another big squad of recruits when he starts for Camp Meade.

State's Foot-Ball Squad.

STATE COLLEGE, Pa., Sept. 11.—In compliance with the call of Manager Roland Diller, the foot-ball squad is now together here. all the men who are candidates for the various positions on the team have arrived with but one exception.

Sixteen men have reported for light practice. Of these the old men who are back are Randolph, who will captain the team; Ruble, Hewitt, D. Miller, Scholl, T. H. Miller, Frank Miller, Gure, Blair, Farr, Pollock, Schoffstall and Platt. The new men are Cummings, of Cape May, who last year played at tackle on the Bellefonte Academy eleven; Evans, of DuBois; E. K. Woods, of Braddock who played right end for the Latrobe team last season, and Johnson, an old University of Pennsylvania man. The old men who are through college and will not return are Murray, last year's centre; Maxwell, Curtin and Quarterback Heckel.

Of the above candidates D. Miller will try for the position at centre. Though not quite as big a man as Murray was, Miller is considered one of the most available men for the key position on the line. He is solidly built, and will weigh 180 pounds Scholl and Randolph will play their old positions as guards. T. H. Miller and Cummings are slated for the tackles, while the ends will lie between Pollock, Schoffstall, Ruble, Wood and Blair. Evans and Johnson are the quarter-back candidates, while the halfs will be contested for by Frank Miller, Hewitt, Farr and Platt. The squad will do light work Tuesday and Wednesday. Thursday Coach Sam Boyle will be here, and the first regular line-up will be held on Thursday afternoon, from which time on the men will be put through a course of hard training and practice until the opening game here September 23. The entire control of the team will be under the direction of the Foot ball Advisory Board, composed of L. E. Reber, J. Price Jackson, H. Quigley and George R. Meek.

A. M. E. Church Anniversary.

The A. M. E. church will hold their church anniversary on September 22nd, 1899, this being the occasion of the fortieth anniversary of the church's existence. On this time they will also celebrate the anniversary of the emancipation of four million of Negroes, which was enacted, Sept. 22nd, 1862. All creeds are invited to join with them on this occasion. The choir of the A. M. E. Church will render the music during the evening.

The committee of arrangements are as follows. Edward Overton, Goen Thomas, Benjamin Williams, W. H. Brown P. E., A. V. Jackson, Edward Jackson, Henry Williams, Alfred Steward William Mills, Sec., and C. N. Woodson, pastor in charge.

The addresses will be delivered on this occasion by the following gentlemen: Ex-Governor D. H. Hastings, D. F. Fortney, F. E. Naginey, Rev. C. Asbury, D. D., of Williamsport, and Rev. A. Smothers, of Tyrone. Welcome address by the pastor.

UNCLAIMED LETTERS.

The following letters remain in the Bellefonte P. O. uncalled for Sept. 11th 1899:

Rebecca Leitch, Mrs. Julia Pines, Lizzie Sunbarger, Oscar Shirey.

When called for please say advertised

W. W. MONTGOMERY, P. M.

A MILLIONAIRE DEAD.

Cornelius Vanderbilt, Head of The Family of That Name.

WAS STRICKEN WITH PARALYSIS

Attack Was Sudden and Entirely Unexpected and Death Came to Him Before a Physician Could Be Summoned.

THE FUNERAL PROBABLY ON FRIDAY.

NEW YORK, September 13.—Cornelius Vanderbilt, head of the Vanderbilt family died at his residence in this city at 5.45 o'clock yesterday morning from a stroke of paralysis. Mr. Vanderbilt was in his 56th year. At his bedside when he died were his wife and children, Cornelius and Reginald. No physician was in attendance. The attack was very sudden and entirely unexpected, and it was immediately before death that to reach any physician could be had. Dr. Francis, who had been attending Mr. Vanderbilt's family, arrived at the house shortly after Vanderbilt's death had occurred.

A coroner's physician made an inquest into the cause of death and found that it was due to cerebral hemorrhage. The coroner also viewed the body and endorsed this finding. Premission for burial was given and the body was embalmed.

A special detail of policemen was dispatch to the Vanderbilt house and the police are on duty there now.

Chauncey M. Depew gave out the following statement yesterday afternoon: Mr. Vanderbilt left Newport at 1 o'clock Monday afternoon to attend a meeting of the New York Central and the New York and New Haven railroads. He got home about 9 o'clock and retired at 10 feeling well. He fell asleep and slept until between 5 and 6 o'clock Tuesday morning. He then awoke and, calling Mrs. Vanderbilt, told her he was very ill. She aroused the household and sent for physicians. Mr. Vanderbilt died before any doctor arrived.

Dr. Depew said the funeral will probably be held on Friday at St. Bartholomew's church and that Bishop Potter and Rev. Dr. Greer will probably officiate.

He said also the directors of all the Vanderbilt railroads will meet Thursday to take appropriate action on Mr. Vanderbilt's death.

Cornelius Vanderbilt, jr., telegraphed from Newport immediately after he was informed of his father's death, that he was on his way to this city.

Mr. Vanderbilt was the eldest son of William H. Vanderbilt, and grandson of Commodore Cornelius Vanderbilt, the founder of the family's wealth. He was born November 27, 1848, at Staten Island and had engaged in active railway service during all of his mature life, beginning in 1865 with the New York & Harlem R. R. From 1877 to 1883 he was first vice president of the New York Central. At his death, besides being an officer in many other railroad companies throughout the country, he was chairman of the board of directors of the New York Central road.

He was vice president of the Beech Creek R. R. Mr. Vanderbilt did not use his wealth to gain a life of ease.

He was a man of steady industry and displayed great ability in the management of the large interests entrusted to his care.

Opening the School Term.

The Bellefonte Academy opened its fall term on Monday with the brightest prospects it has had in many years. A larger number of boarding students are in attendance than ever before, so that every room in the two buildings has been taken and the management is looking around for extra rooms in the vicinity of the Academy in which to place other boys who are talking of coming. This ought to be good news to the friends of this worthy institution.

While many students from a distance are coming here to enjoy the privileges of our home Academy, our own citizens in Bellefonte who can possibly afford to do so, should encourage the school with as liberal patronage as possible. It is surely a paying industry for this town and should be encouraged to its fullest capacity.

Miss Lawrence, the lady principal, is a superior teacher of French and German and will form classes for graduate pupils in town who wish to take advanced work in these branches. The new library room would be used for such classes. This is a rare privilege for Bellefonte students and should be taken advantage of. Any desiring to join these classes are requested to send word at once either to Miss Lawrence or Mr. James R. Hughes. Students in the country should remember that their classes will always be arranged to suit the railroad schedules.

15TH ANNUAL CONVENTION.

Of the Women's Christian Temperance Union of Centre County.

The 15th annual convention of the Women's Christian Temperance Union, of Centre County, opened its regular session in the W. C. T. U., rooms on North Allegheny street, last Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock. Devotional exercises were conducted by Mrs. James Harris and proved very interesting. The minutes of the previous meeting and the executive committee were then read and adopted after which roll call took place. The report of the secretary, Mrs. Cross and of the treasurer, Mrs. Mitchell, were then read which indicated that the association was in a flourishing condition.

There is a large attendance of delegates about twenty in all being present. The officers of the association are President, Mrs. John P. Harris, Vice President, Mrs. James Harris, Secretary, Mrs. M. B. Cross and Treasurer Mrs. D. D. Mitchell.

As a prelude to the convention there was an interesting meeting held in the Court house Monday evening, which was addressed by Miss Jesse Ackerman, of Chicago. This lady is probably the most noted traveler among the world's women, she having twice circled the globe. Her address was intensely interesting and was listened to intently by the large audience present.

Mrs. Thomas R. Hayes then favored the convention with a very beautiful solo which was highly appreciated by all present. After this the reports of the County superintendents was next in order. All the lines of work were very ably discussed. Mrs. Wright, of Milesburg, spoke on "Sabbath Observance." Miss Clara Valentine discussed "Evangelistic and Jail Work," also "Press work." "Temperance Light Bearers" was handled by Miss Anna V. Lyon, while "Narcotics" was the subject of a talk by Mrs. R. V. Pugh. A very interesting paper was read by Mrs. L. T. Eddy, of Milesburg, subject: "Responsibility." "Question Box and Helpful Suggestions" was conducted by Miss Ackerman. An interesting paper on "Social Purity" was then read by Mrs. E. A. Russel, of Unionville. Noontide Prayer was led by Mrs. M. B. Cross.

After the adjournment a delightful luncheon was served in the rear rooms by the ladies of the W. C. T. U., of Bellefonte, to the visiting delegates.

The afternoon session commenced at 1.30 o'clock, The meeting opened with a prayer and praise service, conducted by Mrs. M. H. Wilson, of Bellefonte. Several interesting reports were then received from different County superintendents and several interesting papers were read. Mrs. Wm. Gainefort of Bellefonte read an interesting paper on "Mothers Meetings and Railroad Work."

"Loyal Temperance Legion" was the subject of an intertaining paper by Mrs. Matilda Clees, of Philipsburg. A great work is being accomplished by this order. She reported a meeting of the L. L. L. before she left home that had 15 members and she expects that at the next meeting it will have 100 members.

Mrs. J. L. Kurtz, of Bellefonte read an interesting paper on "Women's Missions."

Mrs. W. T. Twitmire, of Bellefonte, read an interesting paper on "Scientific Temperance Instruction" in which she made a strong argument in favor of a more general introduction of this branch of study into our public schools.

During the afternoon Mrs. Thomas R. Hayes, of Bellefonte, again favored the audience by two very beautiful solos

All the old officers of the W. C. T. U., have filled their offices so acceptably that they were re-elected for the ensuing year. The Union is entitled to three delegates to the State convention but only one, Mrs. Matilda Clees, of Philipsburg, was selected at this meeting. The other two will be selected later.

The convention proved a highly successful affair throughout and all the visiting delegates were highly pleased with their stay in town. After hearing the reports of committees the convention adjourned sine die.

Three Children Poisoned.

Three children of George Steinbacher, of South Williamsport, were taken suddenly ill after eating breakfast Monday morning and exhibited symptoms of poisoning. The youngest, a boy aged 4, is in a serious condition. The two older children, aged 14 and 17, are out of danger. It is believed something of a poisonous nature was contained in the food.

THE attempt on the part of certain leaders of the Democracy to create new issues and minimize the silver talk, is disturbing to the Free-Silver Element in Colorado, the only "sure thing," of the northern states for the Democracy.

Additional Locals.

—The fall opening of the chestnut burr will soon be announced.

—This is the month with an r, but it's a trifle warm for oysters.

—Governor Stone has appointed Prof. John Hamilton and W. C. Patterson, of State College, delegates to the Farmers' Convention, to be held in Boston, October 3.

—Passenger traffic on the main line of the Pennsy is very heavy at present. The branch roads are also doing good business in the same line.

—Boys who prowl around orchards and gardens for the purpose of stealing fruit do not seem to realize that for even entering an orchard without permission they are liable to a heavy fine and imprisonment.

—Robert K. Cassatt, son of President A. J. Cassatt, of the Pennsylvania railroad, has been appointed assistant to President W. A. Patton, of the New York, Philadelphia and Norfolk railroad by the board of directors.

—The house belonging to William Reynolds Shope, and occupied by him, situated on Half Moon Hill, near the property of Mrs. Sebad was struck by lightning during the storm on Thursday afternoon. Several bricks were knocked off the chimney and a few shingles torn from the roof, no other damage was done.

—The University Inn at State College, which was run by Peter S. Burrell for the past two years, will in the future be looked after by P. D. Foster, the new proprietor, who took charge last week.

—Millheim is at present on the point of having an industrial boom in the shape of a shirt factory enterprise. The town has a desirable location in the old knitting factory building, and some of the enterprising citizens having the good of the town at heart, want to utilize this long-empty building for the plant. The factory will give employment to a great many hands, and the move should receive the proper encouragement from the citizens of that town.

—The boro council, of Philipsburg, has voted to purchase a steam fire engine, if it can be done legally. The machine is to cost $3,750 $750 is to be paid down as soon as the sale is confirmed and this the Hope Fire company of that place agree to do, leaving a balance of $3,000 to be paid by the boro. But upon investigation it is found that the town is now in debt more than the law allows. When a town is in that fix why do not the citizens put their hands in their pockets and shake out the dust. The fire "laddies" seem to be willing to do their part, is there not public spirit enough among the people and money enough in their pockets to raise three thousand dollars. Will someone give Philipsburg a punch and wake it up?

—The assessed valuation of the Borough of Philipsburg is $900,000. The present indebtedness of the borough is about $70,000.

—Captain Amos Mullen, of Co. M, 21st Regt. N. G. P., has appointed Wm. Dorsworth 5th sergeant, William Brown 7th corporal and Jack Derr 8th corporal. All of the young men are deserving of the offices they now hold in the company.

—Patrick Toner, an employee at the steam heat works, cut both arteries in his right arm while getting a bucket of water near his home, Wednesday evening. He was taken to Dr. Seabring's who put seventeen stitches in his arm. Pat wishes to express his thanks to Wm. Storm for his kindness in taking him to the doctor.

—The Hebrew congregation at Philipsburg is delighted with their new Rabbi, Rev. S. Singer, who came there from Columbus, Ohio. He was assisted at the New Year services last Tuesday by Rev. Garfinkel, who has just arrived from Russia.

—James B. Graham of Graham towship, Clearfield county, seems to be a victim for lightning. Two years ago his large barn was struck and entirely destroyed. Two years ago the one erected to take its place suffered the same fate and last Saturday it struck near the barn and killed nine large hogs in shelter there.

—A shoe manufacturer named Endicott, of Boston, is looking around for a site for a big shoe factory. Already Easton and Scranton have made offers of inducements to obtain the factory. The proposed factory will be a large one as Mr. Endicott is now the proprietor of a shoe factory at Boston employing 2,000 hands. Mr. Endicott could find no better location for his factory than in Bellefonte.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Naval constructor Hobson reports to the Navy Department that the three Spanish ships raised from Manila Bay and now being rebuilt at Hong Kong will soon be ready for commission. He strongly urges that efforts be made to raise the other ships sunk by the Spanish to avoid capture, which he says are still in good condition.

HOOD'S PILLS

Rouse the torpid liver, and cure biliousness, sick headache, jaundice, nausea, indigestion, etc. They are invaluable to prevent a cold or break up a fever. Mild, gentle, certain, they are worthy your confidence. Purely vegetable, they can be taken by children or delicate women. Price, 25c. at all medicine dealers or by mail of C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Brandt-Beck Nuptials.

The home of J. H. Beck, in Nittany valley, was the scene of a beautiful ceremony Wednesday, Sept, 6, when that gentleman's daughter, Marie Elizabeth, became the wife of Walter E. Brandt, of Mount Joy. Both parties are well known here, the bride being a former student of State College, and the groom a member of the class '99.

The interior of the house was tastefully decorated with evergreens, and a gate representing "life everlasting," hung in the folding doors, through which the bridal party passed to reach the improvised altar of laurel and greens.

Promptly at noon the bride, with her attendants, descended the stairs to the strains of Mendelssohn's wedding march, which was rendered by Miss Walker, of Lock Haven. The bridal party was preceded by Misses Ruth Beck and Mary Kathryn Jackson as flower girls, who opened the gates of the parlor when the bridal party approached. The bridesmaids, Misses Grace and Helen Beck, the bride's sisters.

The bride was daintily attired in a dress slight[illegible] mousseline de soie, trimmed[illegible]lls. She carried budding [illegible].

The bridesmaids [illegible] organdy trimmed, the one with [illegible]r with blue. The dresses [illegible]ower girls were of like material.

At the gates the bride was met by the groom, and together they advanced between the aisles of "life everlasting," which was held by master Louis Reber and Miss Alma Walker, to the centre, where the two were made man and wife by Rev. W. K. Diehl, of St. Mark's Lutheran church, of Snydertown.

After a bountiful repast the happy pair, amidst the good wishes of the numerous friends present, left for an extended trip on the lakes. Upon their return they will reside at Mount Joy, where the groom is in business with his father.

Guests were present from Lock Haven, State College, Mount Joy, Bellefonte and other places. The kindly feeling of all toward the happy couple were shown by the numerous beautiful and useful presents, of which they were the recipients.

Death of Martin Morrison.

On Thursday evening just at five o'clock, the spirit of Martin Morrison took its flight. He has been a sufferer for a number of years but was able to be around and until last Monday was able to come down town. Mr. Morrisons' death was due to heart failure brought on by a paralytic stroke.

He was born in Slago, Ireland, was 59 years old, and had lived in Bellefonte for the greater part of his life and has always proven a good citizen. He was a a member of the St. John's Catholic church, and will be buried from there on Saturday morning at ten o'clock. Mr. Morrison was a staunch supporter of the Democratic party. By his death he leaves to mourn his loss, a sister, Mrs. Kartharyn Sexton, and a number of nieces and nephews,

—The funeral took place Saturday morning at ten o'clock. Services were held in St. John's Catholic church, The pall-bearers were Hunter Knisely, Wm. Clark. Bernard Gallagher and James Bland. Interment in Catholic cemetery.

Future of the Islands.

There is good authority for the statement that the president has returned to Washington with these general ideas uppermost in his mind as to his future course in relation to the new dependencies.

The Philippines—Civil government by three commissioners to supplant military rule immediately after the rebellion is crushed.

Cuba—Continued military control until it is determined by means of a general election whether the inhabitants want independence or annexation. If independence, the new government elected will be recognized by the United States and will be given encouragement and every opportunity to establish its stability. If annexation, the president will be governed by the sentiment of American citizens as it may then exist.

Porto Rico—Civil government of the territorial form, similar to that which prevails in Arizona.

Hawaii—Territorial form of government, as recommended by the Hawaiian commission and as provided for in a measure now pending in congress.

Some weeks will elapse before the president settles down to the actual preparation of his message, but he has returned from his vacation with some well-defined views as to the difficult problems which confront him and will immediately commence discussions of them with the cabinet.

SWAMP ROOT Is not recommended for everything but if you have kidney liver or bladder trouble, it will be found just the remedy you need. At druggists in fifty cent and dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful new discovery by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it. Address, Dr. Kilmer & Co. Binghamton, N. Y.

NEW YORK FASHIONS.

New Millinery; Materials; Trimmings; New Materials; Styles in Making.

New millinery is marked by great apparent heaviness. Large birds with often a number of wings supplied by art to increase size, are constantly noticeable, but perhaps after all, not so cumbrous as prolonged breast feathers that lie with massive appearance on brims which are at times completely encircled or again, two huge specimens may be placed on the same hat, the one beginning from the crown and meeting its fellow that lies nearly in a circle, the outer expanse being insufficient for the coveted display. The use of

HEAVY MATERIAL

is likewise an element in producing the effects in question. As a novelty may be mentioned the employment of felt brought out by the yard and employed in ways hitherto usurped by velvet of fabrics of lighter texture, velvet of course brings about always a certain heaviness and the very frequent addition of satin antique imparts a richness that easily seems burdensome. In contrast, however, chiffon trimmings are prominent and a favorite method of placing, is in tucks of considerable width that lie one upon another, the stitches quite hidden and the material lying in rather open folds. Chiffon rosettes also continue in favor.

BONNETS

are usually quite the reverse as to heaviness and in the more dressy styles at least, are delightful combinations of jet, very light and feathery or gauzy finishings, in which last, butterflies in proportions something huge, are conspicuous or gauzy winged creatures on the butterfly order, with long antennae extending far in front. On an expensive hat, however, a small but beautiful butterfly was perched so delicately as to tremble with every motion. Occasionally a dress hat is made of felt because so prominent in general, but the heavy foundation is atoned for by light garniture. All hats are broad and the majority provided with narrow velvet strings.

PLAIDS

are expected to have quite a run and are displayed in much variety. Many are almost invisible, but others show boldly forth, yet not in very large dimensions and much is accomplished by camel's hair tuftings set in plaids. Quite elegant materials also display camel's hair tuftings set in short lines or small squares and in general, camel's hair completions are fashionable. In view moreover of the prominence of plaids, plain goods are frequently sold with them, for the making of corsages, the plaid being oftenest used only for skirts.

STYLES IN MAKING.

The habit back with close cut skirt sweeping out around the bottom, is good for another season, though of course such an extreme style necessitates other and less pronounced outlines, But the modification is generally a modification only and where fullness does appear at the waist line, it is the least possible.

LUCY CARTER.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonals sent free. Price 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The Palace Eating Parlor.

One of the finest and best equipped eating parlors in Centre county, is that of Messrs Clyde and Percy Blackford. A reporter of this paper called upon them this morning, and in reply to the question as to how business was with them they said it had been good, indeed so good that they had been encouraged to make quite extensive repairs in the way of paint and paper. The large room has been repainted, beautiful paper has been put upon the walls, the floor has been covered with the very best of linoleum, giving the large room a clean, beautiful appearance. Six new tables and chairs to match have been purchased and will be here in a few days. Clyde, who is an expert cook, will be assisted by his brother Percy in the work, and if business keeps increasing as it has the past summer, the boys will have a palace restaurant, that will rival the finest in our large cities. Give them a call, and see how nice they are fixed up.

Disastrous Fire at Morrisdale Mines.

William Heckman, an aged resident of Morrisdale Mines, had the misfortune Wednesday evening to lose by fire the property in which he lived and another adjoining owned by himself and occupied by another family. The fire broke out in the tenant house, and made such headway that it was only a short time until both buildings were in ashes. About the only thing saved was the clothing on the backs of the occupants. There was no insurance on buildings or contents, and the loss will consequently be keenly felt, especially by Mr, Heckman, who is seventy years old.

UNDINE SMOKER.

They give a Royal Supper to Their Friends.

THE FIRE LADDIES CELEBRATE

Their Victory in The Late Contest at Tyrone Goodies in Abundance.—Handsome Bouquets of Flowers—Harry Keller Toast Master.

MANY INTERESTING SPEECHES

Bellefonte seems to be noted all over the state for having the best fire companies that exist. As we have very often stated before, their faithfulness and earnest devotion to the people's welfare in many hours of danger has made them famous and their organizations are very highly respected by the citizens of our town. So much so, that the boys can command what they will of the people and it will be immediately granted to them.

Because, working as they do, wholly without reward, except for the love and friendship of their fellow men; knowing that they have done their duty faithfully.

It is not only devotion to duty that these boys are famous for, but there hospitality is proverbial. A more whole souled, better hearted set of people never lived, than compose the brave fire laddies of the Undine *Hose* company of Bellefonte. You are made perfectly welcome, when you visit their lovely home on Bishop street.

A few weeks ago these lads went to Tyrone to the State Firemens convention and carried off two of the best prizes, one for having the best engine, and the other for having the best band. It certainly made the boys feel very jubilant and happy, for it was quite an honor, for them to carry off two prizes such as they did, when many thousand other firemen were there for the same purpose.

The boys, wanting to show in some way their appreciation for the honor that had been bestowed upon them, on Thursday evening gave one of the finest smokers ever held in Bellefonte. Their lovely home on Bishop street was well illuminated and looked like a palace, from the exterior, and when you entered you were met at the door by a committee of young men and made to feel as though you were in your own home.

The engine room was cleared out and about ten large tables were arranged in the centre of the room, which fairly groaned under the weight of the many good things which had been prepared by that expert cook and waiter, Mr. Emanuel Green.

To give the bill of fare would take too much space but we to must say that all the delicacies of the season were there in abundance. The tables were beautifully arranged and looked very tempting indeed. Handsome bouquets of flowers adorned the centre of each table.

There were over two hundred men present to enjoy this occasion. Men of all professions, and in fact men in every walk of life were represented. The Logan Fire Company was also well represented, and showed that their love and friendship was just as true and firm as ever. The music that was rendered during the evening was simply grand, it being under the direct management of Mr. Christy Smith, who deserves the highest praise.

Probably the most pleasing feature of this successful smoker was the unique "cake walk." It was certainly great and was a side splitting affair.

After satisfying the inner man, Harry Keller Esq., who acted as toast master arose and rapped for order. As a presiding officer, Mr. Keller cannot be beaten, he made an excellent toast master and was received with loud applause.

He then presented Captain Hugh S. Taylor as the first speaker of the evening. Captain Taylor who is very popular among the firemen and in fact all over the county, was received with great applause, his toast was simply fine and we would like to give it to the public but space will not permit us to do so.

Other speakers were introduced all of whom had some word of congratulation or good story to tell. They were Senator Wm. Heinle, W Harrison Walker Esq. Henry Quigley Esq., Chas. Kurtz, George Meek. Stuart Brouse, Francis Speer, John Knicely, Pat Garrity, J. K. Johnson Esq. John Trafford, Abe Baum, Jacob Herman Republican candidate for sheriff; Dr. J. K. Locke, James A. Feidler, Frank Waltz, Bob Morris, and John Olewine. Mr. George Bayard sang a very pretty solo, which was greatly appreciated. The committee in charge, who certainly deserve the heartiest congratulations, for the splendid success of this smoker were Messrs Frank Waltz, William Doll, Henry Brown, John Morgan, Fred Smith, and John Houser. The evenings enjoyment was brought to a close by everyone expressing themselves as having one of the best times they ever had in their lives.

Ladies Can Wear Shoes.

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. It makes tight or new shoes feel easy; give instant relief to corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Cures swollen feet, blisters and callous spots. Allen's Foot-Ease is a certain cure for ingrowing nails, sweating, hot, aching feet. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package FREE by mail. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

We carry a stock of goods valued at $1,500,000.00
We receive from 10,000 to 25,000 letters every day
We own and occupy the tallest mercantile building in the world. We have over 2,000,000 customers. Sixteen hundred clerks are constantly engaged filling out-of-town orders.
OUR GENERAL CATALOGUE is the book of the people—it quotes Wholesale Prices to Everybody, has over 1,000 pages, 15,000 illustrations, and 60,000 descriptions of articles with prices. It costs 72 cents to print and mail each copy. We want you to have one. SEND FIFTEEN CENTS to show your good faith, and we'll send you a copy FREE, with all charges prepaid.
MONTGOMERY WARD & CO. Michigan Ave. and Madison Street CHICAGO

Your Neighbor's Trees.

Judge McClure has rendered the following decision: If the branches of trees growing on one's land hang over the line upon another, the adjoining owner may cut off the limbs perpendicular with his line, provided the branches had not been allowed to extend over for a period of twenty-one years or more, without objection, when no right would be gained to cut them off. Fruit on a tree is part of the realty and is not the subject of larceny. If the fruit had fallen to the ground the neighbor could pick it up and use it. The right of the adjoining land owner to lop off branches of over-hanging trees before twenty-one years of permissive acquiescence has elapsed, does not carry with it the right to the fruit hanging on the tree. The fruit is not the product of his soil or labor.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

Revolution in Venezuela.

WASHINGTON, September 7.—After an unusually long period of peace trouble has again appeared in Venezuela and a revolutionary movement is now in progress. The information has come to the State Department from an unofficial source, but one believed to be trustworthy. The extent of the movement is not known here, but as there have been for some time past rumors of serious discontent it would not be surprising if this last manifestation should prove to be of large proportions.

As the first duty devolving upon the government here in such case is to safeguard the interest and lives of American citizens, it is probable that orders will issue to send a naval vessel to La Gueyra or an adjacent port. This detail probably will fall to the Nashville, which is about to go South to relieve the Machias of patrol duty in the Carrbibean sea.

A Lady's Perfect Companion.

Painless Childbirth, our new book, tells how any woman may become a mother without suffering any pain whatever. Also how to treat and overcome morning sickness, swelled limbs and other evils attending pregnancy. It is reliable and highly endorsed by physicians as the wife's true private companion. Send two cent stamp for descriptive circulars and confidential letter sent in sealed envelope Address FRANK THOMAS & Co., Publishers, Baltimore, Md. jel-3m

Gave His Skin for His Son.

Through the devotion of his father, Archibald Weldin, of Wilkinsburg, who had one of his legs amputated at the Mercy hospital some time ago, will soon be a well man. Weldin had his legs crushed in a railroad accident and a large portion of the skin on his thigh was torn away, leaving a sore which could not be healed without resorting to the operation of skin-drafting. When this became known to the young man's father, Lewis C. Weldin, he offered to submit to the operation, and many square inches of skin were removed from the father's body and transferred to that of the son. The operation was successful, the father has entirely recovered and the son is expected to be about in a short time.

Successful Contest

—The contest by the Pleasant View Sunday School was a decided success for which much credit is due to Mrs. James Wilson and Miss Mary Gordan. The total receipts were $90.25 and the cost of the couch and chair $11.50, leaving a balance of $78.75 which will be devoted to the benefit of the chapel.

SUGAR VALLEY RESIDENT.

Soon Followed His Wife to the Grave.

David Zimmerman, who was reputed to be the tallest man in Sugar Valley, and who resided nearly all his life about twelve miles east of Loganton, died at the home of his son-in-law, Herman Ruther, at 2 o'clock Friday morning of dropsy. Deceased had been complaining for some time, but was not compelled to take his bed until a few days ago. He was 78 years, 4 months and 21 days old. He is survived by three daughters and one son. His wife dropped dead in February last while standing in the doorway bidding goodbye to friends who had been visiting her. The funeral of Mr. Zimmerman took place Sunday morning.

TIMBER DEAL.

The Al. Bitner Tract Purchased by S. W. Gardner.

Our Beech Creek correspondent sends us the information that for more than a year there has been quite an agitation in the minds of the people of Beech Creek and Eagleville as to who would purchase the Al. Bitner timber. Lumber has been rising in price and many parties desired this timber. The rumors have now been set at rest by the purchase of the tract by S. W. Gardner. The pine and white oak will be cut into bill stuff during the winter. The rock oak will be peeled next spring and railroad ties made of the trees. The lumber, bark and ties will be taken by P. B. Crider & Son, of Bellefonte, when loaded on cars at such places as they may designate. The sawing will likely be done by J. B. Swartz.—Daily Lock Haven Democrat.

$200.00 IN GOLD GIVEN FOR SELLING

The Life and Letters of Dewey, by A. M. Dewey, Under the Direction and Co-operation of the Admiral's Family.

The International News & Book Company of Baltimore, Md., offer $200.00 to any one for selling 165 copies of this book in three months. Greatest selling boon offered to the American public in ten years. This is the only authorized, ad. complete life of the Admiral published Drop cheap and inferior books on so-called lives. The only book upon this subject that an enterprising, wide-awake, up-to-date agent can afford to handle. Its title awakens pride, its context inspires patriotism, its suggestions arouse enthusiasm, its illustrations convey real knowledge beyond the power of words, its high purpose creats high ideals, its sale is immense, its success assured, its demand as wide as the continent. Complete outfit free, 50 cents must be sent for postage and packing. Freight paid; credit given. Write them quick. Aug. 24-4t

Our Progressive Age.

"Y' talk about Jefferson all the time as though he was the only gike that ever set on a rail fence and watched the show come into town. But y' make me tired. Jefferson was all right. And so was all th' Presidents. I've only got one thing agin' Jefferson, He talked too much with his mouth. He was all the time gettin' off that stuff that you second-hand folks are talking eternally after him. If they hadn't a never been any Jefferson you and Bryan wouldn't a never had any ideas. It takes a man like Washington or Lincoln to get me warmed into a blaze of admiration. Washington could jump farther than any man in Virginia in his day. D'ye know that? Lincoln could take a whisky barrel up by the chines and hold it to his mouth and drink out of the bung hole. And he was just as smart as Jefferson, when it comes to that."

And the big man blowed the froth off his glass and proceeded to drink. But the chunky chap with red hair and a bald spot was not suppressed.

"You gimme a pain with your idees of statesmanship," the man with the golden dome retorted. "Mebbe Lincoln could lift a whiskey barl, and drink out of the bung hole. But who wants to do that now? These days you git your beer in a bottle, and your whiskey in a jug, and the mind of man has made such strides, by jimminetty, that he does not have to resort to brute force to get a drink. It is a triumph of intellect over bone and muscle. You and me can get a drink just as well as Abe Lincoln could if we can't lift a barl, and I pity the man that was so dog-gone dry and so hard pushed that he ever had to git it under such almighty hard circumstances.

A RELIABLE WOMAN WANTED

We want a reliable woman in every County to establish a corset parlor for the sale of Dr. Nicholas' Celebrated Spiral Spring Corsets. The best popular-priced custom-made Corsets in the world. Latest styles. Every corset is warranted not to break or rust, absolutely impervious to moisture or perspiration. A new pair given for every pair that breaks. Guarantee printed on each corset. Recommended by over 10,000 Physicians. We furnish complete stock on consignment and pay a salary of $40 to $65 per month and expenses. $3.00 sample outfit free. Send [illegible]0 cents postage for sample and terms.

NICHOLS MANUFACTURING CO.
New Canaan, Co[illegible]

"A TRAINING IN CLEANLINESS IS A FORTUNE." COMPLETE YOUR EDUCATION WI

SAPOLIO

—Blatt Hodges of Millers station, has returned to his home after 37 years' absence. In 1862 he left his wife and family, and went west to seek his fortune. For a time he wrote letters home but these suddenly ceased. His wife, believing him dead, married again. Her second husband died two months ago. Hodges had been mining in Mexico. His wife received him with open arms and the couple are happily united again.

LADY or MAN wanted to travel and appoint agents. $60 per month salary and all expenses. ZIEGLER CO., 210 Locust St., Phil.,

—The hunter and dog will soon be roaming through the land, and the farmer be swering over ruined fences and disturbed piles of posts and rails.

SHINGLES
TO LAST
For suburban and country house
Requires no painting or after ca
Superior to the best tin, and cost less.
NAT. SHEET METAL ROOFING CO.
39 & 33 41 Grand Street, Jersey City.

Regular term begins October 2d, 1899.
Equipment most complete.
Students received without previous dental training.
Women admitted. Write for catalogue.
PITTSBURG DENTAL COLLEGE,
Dept. of Western University of Pennsylvania, 711 Penn Avenue, Pittsburg, Pa.

FOR SALE
Coal and Mineral lands
Bell Township, Clearfield Co., Pa.
Containing about 500 acres being 1-2 of 428 adjoining lands of Col. E.A. Irwin. James Mitchell and others Bids will be received until October 1st 1899; if not then sold will be offered at Public Sale in Philadelphia October 10 1899.
S. Kingston McCay, 426 Walnut St. Philadelphia. july 20 13t

WE PAY SALARY to sell our new oil gas burner, just patented, heats any cook stove or range, makes gas out of coal oil, one-half cheaper than any other fuel. Bakes and cooks perfectly. Write for Free Circulars giving terms & showing burner in operation. COLUMBIA OIL GAS BURNER CO., Washington, D. C.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper.
Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Place, PHILADA., PA.
Sold by all Local Druggists.

Get an Education
An exceptional opportunity offered to young men and young women to prepare for teaching or for business. Four regular courses; also special work in Music, Shorthand, Typewriting. Strong teaching force, well graded work, good discipline and hard study, insure best results to students of
Central State Normal School
LOCK HAVEN, Clinton Co., PA.
Handsome buildings perfectly equipped, steam heat, electric lights, abundance of pure mountain water, extensive campus and athletic grounds. Expenses low. State aid to students. Send for catalog.
JAMES ELDON, Ph.D., Principal.
Central State Normal School,
LOCK HAVEN, PA.

Barnett Talks to the Veterans.

At the camp-fire of the Union Ex-Prisoners of War held at the Academy of Music, Philadelphia the interest centred about Lieutenant Colonel Barnett, of the Tenth Pennsylvania Volunteers, whose address, as was expected, went into conditions in the Philippine Islands.

Lieutenant Colonel Barnett received a tremendous greeting, and was listened to with the utmost attention. After speaking of the reverence and affection in which the soldiers of the civil war had always been held, and which his experience in the Philippines had taught him was their ample due, he said:

"You are the men who redeemed America from dishonor. The North and the South, through your efforts, are now happily united in a common love for our institutions. You have rendered America's mission possible, and we have already entered upon that mission. Out of strife comes advancement—that is the lesson which the world's drama teaches us. For centuries two great civilization have been battling, and out of that battle have come some of our chiefest blessings."

From this Colonel Barnett turned directly to conditions in the Philippines, and went elaborately into the reasons for holding them. He describes them as the very key to the Orient, fertile, rich in mineral, temperate in climate, productive of all the necessaries of civilization, but inhabited by a semi-civilized people, degraded by several centuries of subjugation to Spain.

For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by all druggists in all parts of the world. Twenty five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

Eureka Harness Oil is the best preservative of new leather and the best renovator of old leather. It oils, softens, blackens and protects. Use
Eureka Harness Oil
on your best harness, your old harness, and your carriage top, and they will not only look better but wear longer. Sold everywhere in cans—all sizes from half pints to five gallons.
Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

Write for the free booklet: "Merry Rhymes for Thirsty Times."
Hires Rootbeer time is here
THE CHARLES E. HIRES CO., Philadelphia, Pa.
Makers of Hires Condensed Milk.

Duff's College
Gives a specialized Bread-winning Education.
FOR CIRCULARS ADDRESS,
P. DUFF & SONS, 244 Fifth Avenue, PITTSBURG, PA.

BUSINESS BOOMING.

Financial Skies Are Fair and Prosperity Still Rules

PRICES CONTINUE VERY FIRM

Cereals Are Generally Higher and the Same Applies to the Iron and Steel Situation in the United States.

FEW FAILURES—STRIKES SCARCE

NEW YORK, September 9.—Bradstreet's say: Strength of staple prices, activity in fall demand, large railroad earnings, reports of heavy lake traffic and of activity in leading industries are the features, none of them necessarily new, but still presenting themselves, in the trade situation this week.

Cereals are generally higher and trading has been within rather narrow limits, the advance in wheat having been mainly due to short covering, induced by more bullish foreign cables and increased export demand. The only changes in the iron and steel situation are in an upward direction as to prices. Complaints of behindhand supplies and scarcity of material are still made. Work has in many instances, notably in ship-building, been delayed by backward deliveries of steel. Some improvement in the position of anthracite coal is reported, and prices obtained at the east are claimed to be nearer the scale, while recent advances at the west are maintained. The production for August was fully 12 per cent. larger than in the same month a year ago Good demand has evidently had the effect of strengthening raw wool prices.

R. G. Dun & Co's Weekly Review of Trade says:

The sky is still cloudless and no disquieting change has come during the week. The marketing of domestic products, both farm and manufactured, continues surprisingly large for the season. The new possessions, taken together, are returning in revenue already more than it costs to clean and govern them. The west and south still behaves as if it would be impertinent for New York to offer money for crop moving and are still bidding for commercial loans here. Failures are few, strikes scarce and readily settled and the passage of September 1st without pressure means reasonable safety for months ahead.

After a sharp decline wheat has risen a-c this week, with Atlantic exports 2,900,966 bushels, flour included, against 2,255,100 last year, and Pacific exports 364,256, against 163 194 last year. Corn has also taken a start upward, rising ¾c. with exports of 3,051 539 bushels, against 2,431,085 last year. So great a demand for both grains deserve notice, but so do western receipts. 5,945,697 bushels of wheat against 6,774 611 last year, and of corn, 5,923,437, against 4 208,352 last year. There is no hesitancy in selling or in shipping; with extraordinary foreign demands for the season, farmers are sending forward at remarkable low prices extraordinary quantities of grain.

Neither philosophical explanations of the rise in iron and steel nor constant addition to the number of furnaces producing, checks the advance which has made Bessemer pig sell for $23 at Pittsburg, Grey Forge for $19.75 there, anthracite No. 1 for $23.50 at Philadelphia, and local coke for $21 50 at Chicago With the whole output of its furnaces sold ahead for the year, the Valley association demands $23 65 at Pittsburg on future contracts, and Chicago is selling mainly for delivery next year. Finished products are advanced in some cases $5 per ton at a time without checking the demand, as for sheets at Pittsburg, with plates advanced $2 and wire nails $3 per ton. Large contracts even at these prices are reported, many running into next year, in Chicago and Pittsburg in bars and in plates at all points, with 3,000 tons western and large eastern bridge contracts taken by works four or five months behind already, and inquiry for twenty-two miles of pipe for South Africa pending.

Tin is strong at 32½ cents for spot, with 1,255 tons decrease in all visible supply. Lake copper is steady at 18½ cents, with heavy buying for electrical use, and lead is quiet at 4.60.

Business failures for the week have been 132 in the United States, against 164 last year, and thirty in Canada, against sixteen last year.

Unfavorable Comments On Co. M, 21st N. G. P.

Major John P. Penny in handing in his reports of the different organizations in the First and Second Brigade, of the N. G. P., has made some very unfavorable comments on our own town company, and no doubt will be of interest to the boys. It is said this company is among the ones to be mustered out.

"Company H, Seventeenth regiment, at Oakdale, was sadly lacking in drill and knowledge of duties. Company G. Seventeenth regiment, at Allegheny, is poorly drilled, and the outlook for its future is not bright. I recommend that it be mustered out of the service. Company M, Twenty-first regiment, at Bellefonte, is below the minimum in numbers and while composed of a fair-class quality of men and officers seems to be lacking in the interest that is so necessary to make a good company.

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Patent Lawyers. WASHINGTON, D.C.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R. AND BRANCHES
Schedule in effect July 10, 1899.

Via Tyrone—Westward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.10 a m, at Altoona 1 p m, at Pittsburg 5.50 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.15 p m, at Altoona 3.10 p m at Pittsburg 6.55 p m
Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6 00 p m, at Altoona 7.40 p m, at Pittsburg 11 30 p m

Via Tyrone—Eastward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.10, at Harrisburg 2.40 p m, at Philadelphia 5.47 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.15 p m, at Harrisburg 6.45 p m, at Philadelphia 10.20 p m
Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Harrisburg 10 p m

Via Lock Haven—Northward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.30 a m
Leave Bellefonte 1.42 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2.43 p m, at Williamsport 3.50 p m
Leave Bellefonte 8.31 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 9.30 p m

Via Lock Haven—Eastward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.30 a m, leave Williamsport 12 40 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 3.20 p m, at Philadelphia at 6.23 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.42 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2.43 p m, arrive at Williamsport 3.50 p m, leave 4.00 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 6.55 p m, Philadelphia 10.20 p m
Leave Bellefonte 8.31 p m arrive at Lock Haven 9 30 p m, leave Williamsport 12.50 a m, arrive at Harrisburg 3.40 a m, arrive at Philadelphia 6.52 a m

Via Lewisburg.

Leave Bellefonte at 6.40 a m, arrive at Lewisburg at 9.05 a m, Montandon 9.15 a m Harrisburg 11.30 a m, Philadelphia 3.00 p m.
Leave Bellefonte 2,15 p m, arrive at Lewisburg 4.47, at Harrisburg 6.55 p m, Philadelphia at 10.20 p m

For full information time tables, maps, fare, &c., call on Ticket Agents, or address Thos. E. Watt, Pass. Agent Western Dist ict. No. 360 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg.
J. R. WOOD Gen. Pass Agt.
J. B. HUTCHENSON, General Manager.

TYRONE AND CLEARFIELD RAILROAD.
Time table in effect July. 10, 1899.

NORTHWARD. EXPRESS.	NORTHWARD. DAY EXPRESS.	NORTHWARD. MAIL.	STATIONS.	SOUTHWARD. EXPRESS.	SOUTHWARD. DAY EXPRESS.	SOUTHWARD. MAIL.
P M	P M	A M	Lv	P M	A M	P M
7 20	3 20	8 20	..... Tyrone	8 5	11 20	6 10
7 26	3 26	8 26	...East Tyrone..	8 49	11 14	6 04
7 28	3 28	8 28	.....Tyrone S.....		11 12	6 02
7 31	3 30	8 31	..... Vail	8 43	11 09	5 57
7 41	3 40	8 42	...Vanscoyoc...	8 38	11 02	5 52
7 45	3 44	8 47	.....Gardner	8 35	10 59	5 48
7 54	3 53	8 57	...Mt. Pleasant..	8 27	10 51	5 39
8 00	3 59	9 05	..... Summit	8 20	10 44	5 32
8 05	4 03	9 09	...Sandy Ridge..	8 14	10 38	5 27
8 06	4 05	9 11	.....Retort	8 11	10 35	5 21
8 07	4 06	9 12	..... Powelton	8 09	10 33	5 19
8 15	4 12	9 19	..... Osceola	7 59	10 23	5 08
		9 26	.Osceola Junct		10 20	5 04
8 19	4 16	9 29	.....Boynton.....	7 55	10 17	5 01
8 23	4 20	9 32	..... Steiners	7 51	10 13	4 57
8 26	4 23	9 40	...Philipsburg...	7 50	10 12	4 56
8 31	4 29	9 45	.....Graham	7 46	10 07	4 51
8 36	4 34	9 50	..... Blue Ball....	7 41	10 02	4 46
8 42	4 40	9 56	.....Wallaceton...	7 36	9 56	4 39
8 47	4 45	10 02	..... Bigler	7 31	9 50	4 33
8 53	4 50	10 08	...Woodland.....	7 26	9 45	4 27
8 56	4 54	10 11	Mineral Spr'gs	7 25	9 42	4 26
9 00	4 58	10 15	..... Barrett	7 21	9 39	4 20
9 05	5 03	0 22	.....Leonard	7 17	9 35	4 15
9 09	5 07	10 26	...Clearfield	7 13	9 31	4 09
9 14	5 12	10 32	...Riverview....	7 09	9 26	4 03
9 20	5 18	0 39	Susque. Bridge	7 04	9 20	3 56
9 25	5 37	10 44	..Curwensville..	7 00	9 15	3 51
	5 43	10 50	..... Rustic	6 54		3 35
	5 51	10 58	.....Stronach	6 46		3 27
	5 57	11 04	...Grampian	6 49		3 21
P M	P M	P M	Ar	Lv P M	A M	P M

BALD EAGLE VALLEY—PENNSYLVANIA Railroad Division. Daily except Sunday. Schedule in effect on and after July 10, 1899.

Westward. 55	53	51		Eastward. 50	52	54
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m
3 45	12 10	8 55	...Lock Haven...	10 0	2 43	9 0
3 49		8 59	.. Flemington ..	10 24	2 39	9 26
3 51	12 16	9 01	.....Mill Hall.....	10 22	2 37	9 24
4 00	12 28	9 12	...Beech Creek...	10 11	2 26	9 13
4 05	12 29	9 15	.. Eagleville....	10 08	2 23	9 10
4 11	12 38	9 24	..... Howard.....	9 59	2 14	9 01
4 29		9 39	..Mount Eagle...	9 53	2 08	8 55
4 25	12 48	9 34	..... Curtin	9 49	2 04	8 51
4 32	2 55	9 41	.....Milesburg.....	9 40	1 55	8 43
4 44	1 05	9 53	.....Bellefonte.....	9 28	1 43	8 31
4 53	1 13	10 01	....Milesburg	9 18	1 33	8 23
4 56	1 16	10 01	..Snow Shoe Int..	9 15	1 30	8 20
5 03	1 23	10 11	...Unionville....	9 07	1 23	8 12
5 12	1 31	0 20	.....Julian	8 58	1 14	8 03
5 21	1 39	10 28	..... Martha	8 49	1 06	7 54
5 28	1 45	10 36	..Port Matilda..	8 42	1 00	7 47
5 35	1 51	10 44	.....Hannah	8 35	12 54	7 40
5 37		10 46	.....Fowler.....	8 33	12 52	7 38
5 40		10 49	..... Dix.....	8 30	12 50	7 35
5 46	2 01	10 56	...Bald Eagle...	8 24	12 44	7 29
5 50	2 05	11 00	..... Vail	8 20	12 40	7 25
5 54	2 09	11 04	...East Tyrone...	8 16	12 36	7 21
6 00	2 15	11 10	.....Tyrone.....	8 10	12 30	7 15
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m

Nos. 50 and 55 will run daily.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Condensed Time Table.

READ DOWN. No. 1	No. 5	No. 3		READ UP. No. 6	No. 2	No. 4
a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	Lv. Ar.	p.m	a.m.	p.m
7 10	7 50	2 40	Bellefonte	10 17	9 40	5 10
7 22	8 02	2 52	Nigh	10 01	9 27	4 57
7 28	8 08	2 58	Zion	9 59	9 21	4 51
7 33	8 13	3 05	Hecla Park	9 54	9 16	4 46
7 35	8 15	3 08	Dunkles	9 52	9 14	4 44
7 39	8 19	3 09	Hublersburg	9 49	9 10	4 40
7 48	8 28	3 13	Snydertown	9 46	9 06	4 36
7 46	8 26	3 16	Nittany	9 44	9 03	4 33
7 48	8 29	3 18	Huston	9 42	9 00	4 30
7 51	8 32	3 21	Lamar	9 40	8 57	4 27
7 53	8 35	3 23	Clintondale	9 38	8 54	4 24
7 57	8 39	3 27	Krider's S'n'g	9 34	8 49	4 19
8 02	8 44	3 32	Mackeyville	9 30	8 43	4 13
8 08	8 50	3 38	Cedar Springs	9 24	8 37	4 07
8 10	8 52	3 40	Salona	9 22	8 35	4 05
8 15	8 57	3 45	Mill Hall	9 17	8 30	4 00
			(BEECH CREEK R. R.)			
11 45	9 50		Jersey Shore	7 55	3 25	
12 20	10 25		Arr. WM'PORT Lve.	7 21	2 56	
12 34	11 30		Lve. WM'PORT Arr.	6 85	2 30	
			(PHILA AND READING RY.)			
8 29			PHILA	11 30	8 36	
19 40	7 00		NEW YORK (Via Phila)	9 00	4 30	
p.m.	9 30		Ar. Lv.	p.m.	a.m.	

Daily. Week Days, 8 00 p. m Sunday 10 55 a. m. Sunday.

Pullman Sleeping Car attached to the East bound train from Williamsport at 11.30 p m and west-bound from Philadelphia at 11 36 p. m.

J. W GETHART,
General Superintendent.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD.
In effect July 10, 1899.

Westward. p m	a m		Eastward. a m	p m
38	5 40	Montandon	9 5	4 50
1 45	6 35	Lewisburg	9 05	4 47
1 57	6 47	Vicksburg	8 53	4 35
1 05	6 56	Millmburg	8 45	4 27
2 18	7 07	Millmont	8 33	4 16
2 23	7 13	Glen Iron	8 26	4 08
2 51	7 40	Paddy Mountain	8 00	3 4
2 02	7 50	Coburn	7 50	3 32
3 08	7 57	Zerby	7 43	3 25
3 17	8 05	Rising Spring	7 35	3 17
3 28	8 11	Penns Cave	7 28	3 10
3 30	8 18	Centre Hall	7 24	3 07
3 35	8 24	Gregg	7 17	2 58
3 42	8 31	Linden Hall	7 10	2 48
3 46	8 35	Oak Hall	7 06	2 45
3 50	8 39	Lemont	7 02	2 38
3 54	8 43	Dale Summit	6 57	2 34
3 03	8 52	Pleasant Gap	6 48	2 25
4 06	8 55	Axemann	6 45	2 21
4 10	9 00	Bellefonte	6 40	2 1

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD—On and after Monday, April 3rd, 1899, trains will run as follows, leaving the P. R. R. station.

WESTWARD. College Accm. 1†	Exp. *3		EASTWARD. Mail. *2	Exp †4	Bell'f Ac 6†
a.m	p m	a m Lv	Ar a m	p m	p. m
6 30	4 15	10 30 Bellefonte	8 50	2 40	6 40
6 35	4 21	10 37 Coleville	8 40	2 25	6 30
f6 38	f4 25	f10 42 Morris	f 8 37	f2 22	f6 27
f6 43	f4 28	f10 47 Whitmer	f8 35	f2 17	f6 23
f6 46	f4 33	f10 53 Hunters	f8 31	f2 10	f6 21
f6 50	f4 36	f10 56 Filmore	f8 28	f2 06	f6 18
f6 55	f4 40	f11 02 Briarly	f8 24	f2 00	f6 14
7 00	4 43	11 05 Waddle	8 20	1 55	6 10
f7 03	f4 45	f11 08 Lambourn	f8 18	f1 52	f6 07
f7 12	f4 55	f11 20 Krumrine	f8 07	f1 37	f5 52
7 25	5 00	11 15 State College	8 00	1 30	5 45
f7 27	f5 05	f11 24 Struble	f7 45	f1 34	f5 25
f7 31	f5 19	Bloomsdorf	f7 40		f5 20
7 35	5 15	Pine Grv Mills	7 35		5 15

Morning trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 3 and 5 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 5 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna R R trains at Bellefonte for points east and west
f stops on flag. † Daily except Sunday.
F. H. THOMAS, Supt.

SNOW SHOE BRANCH—DAILY EXCEPT Sunday—In effect July 10, 1899.

a m	STATIONS.	p m
11 26	7 27 Arrive Snow Shoe Leave	7 40 3 15
10 00	6 05 Snow Shoe Intersection	9 15 4 56
10 01	5 55 Milesburg	9 18 5 05
9 53	5 45 Leave Bellefonte Arrive	9 32 5 20

Altoona and Philipsburg Connecting RAILROAD.

Condensed time table in effect July 10, 1899.

EASTWARD—Week Days.						
Ramey	7 00	7 40	9 09	1 00	4 10	6 20
Houtzdale	7 14	7 58	9 14	1 14	4 24	6 24
Osceola Mills	7 33	8 38	9 33	1 33	4 43	6 43
Philipsburg	7 47	8 56	9 47	1 47	4 57	6 57

WESTWARD—Week Days.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Philipsburg	8 00	11 09	3 00	5 10	6 19	8 10
Osceola Mills	8 15	11 15	3 15	5 25	6 25	8 25
Houtzdale	8 34	11 34	3 34	5 44	6 5-	8 44
Ramey	8 47	11 47	3 47	5 57	7 10	8 57

Read Down. SUNDAY TRAINS. Read Up.

P.M.	P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
6 10	12 43	8 38	..... Ramey	10 27	2 47	8 57
6 4	12 57	8 52	.....Houtzdale.....	10 4	2 33	8 44
6 43	1 16	9 25	...Osceola Mills ..	9 55	2 15	8 25
6 57	1 30	9 25	...Philipsburg.....	9 40	2 00	8 1

CONNECTIONS—At Philipsburg (Union Station) with all Beech Creek Railroad trains for and from Bellefonte, Lock Haven, Williamsport, Reading, Philadelphia and New York; Lawrenceville, Corning, Watkins, Geneva and Lyons; Clearfield Mahaffey and Patton; Curwensville, DuBois, Punxsutawney, Pidgway, Bradford, Buffalo and Rochester.
At Osceola for Houtzdale and Ramey with P. R. R. train leaving Tyrone at 7 20 p. m.
For full information apply to
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C. M. Bower. Ellis L. Orvis
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IT'S DIFFERENT, because it stands for Republican principles, and makes war upon all who, under the stolen name of Republicanism, are disloyal to those principles.

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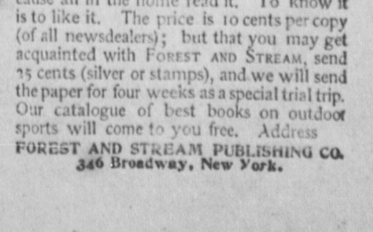

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One inch (12 lines this type)	$ 5	$ 8	$12
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Three inches	10	15	20
Four inches	11	17	25
Quarter column	12	20	30
Half column	20	35	55
One column	35	55	100

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

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Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion unless otherwise agreed, by the month, quarter or year.

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TREASURER,
JOHN K. THOMPSON,
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REGISTER,
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PETER M. LEITZELL,
of Gregg Township.

AUDITORS,
ARCHIE ALLISON,
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of Houston Township.

EDITORIAL.

OUR CAMPAIGN OFFER.

As the BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is the recognized official organ of the Republican party in Centre County, and as it is our intention to make a sturdy fight for Republican victory on the State and County ticket this fall, we have decided to offer the REPUBLICAN from now until the close of the campaign for the surprisingly low price of 25 cents. We will not send out any more FREE sample copies so if you want to be in the push send in your subscription now. $1.00 per year if paid in advance or 25 cents for the campaign.

The REPUBLICAN is a clean up-to-date newspaper; publishing all the latest news together with the best miscellany and stories obtainable. Don't forget the offer, tell it to your neighbors, 25 cents for the REPUBLICAN until the close of campaign.

ACCORDING to Mr. Bryan the democratic candidate must not only fit the platform, but he must be cut in 1896 style.

IT will be noticed that the democratic platform makers are too busy with foreign matters to pay attention to the full dinner-pail question

AFTER their experience with Spanish circumlocution, the Cubans were naturally surprised at the brevity of the President's Census Message.

SENATOR Tillman seems to shape his speeches on the theory that the more noise he makes about other people, the less the people will hear concerning himself.

BUSINESS must be dull in the United States for the "green goods" men, when they have to turn their attention to Cuba and Porta Rica to keep in business.

TROUBLES OF THEIR OWN.

"There is more trouble in Republican ranks in Centre County. A few days ago County Chairman W. E. Gray called a meeting of the county nominees, but when they arrived in Bellefonte he was not to be found. Finally he was located at his home, but he refused to attend the conference. He is a Quay man, and it is charged that he will be lukewarm for the ticket, because the Hastings people nominated it. It is further charged that the Quay postmasters will not be found actively at work for the candidates. Postmaster Betz, Marion township, is quoted as saying that he will fight the ticket. E. R. Chambers, one of the appointees of the auditor general, is also quoted as saying he will oppose the Hastings nominees. In view of these facts the Hastings people will make a very earnest endeavor to elect the men they nominated. Ex-Governor Hastings will devote time and labor to achieve Republican success, and he will have around him some of the best political workers of the county."

The above appeared in a recent issue of the Lock Haven Democrat. From what source this information was obtained we are unable to say; we are prone to believe, however, that it is merely the irresponsible utterance of some unreliable reporter or newsgatherer. We cannot and do not believe that Chairman Gray is lukewarm and will withhold his support and assistance from our county ticket this fall. Mr. Gray has been an aggressive and an earnest worker in Republican politics ever since he entered the political arena. During all factional troubles and wrangles in the Republican fold in the county he has maintained a strictly neutral position and at no time did he by voice or action espouse the cause of either faction. That he should pursue an inactive policy during this fall's campaign and refuse to exercise the duties of Chairman of the County Committee is past belief. We are sure that when the time comes Chairman Gray will enter the contest with his old-timed vigor and energy and will render a good account of himself in November. We do not give the least credence to the statement that Mr. Chambers, and the various postmasters throughout the county will oppose the county ticket. Each and all of them are Republicans and Republican office-holders. They cannot in justice to themselves repudiate a ticket that was as much due to their selection as to that of any one else. We have said before and we repeat it that the Republican county ticket *is not* a Hastings ticket any more than it is a Love ticket. It *is not* an anti-Quay ticket any more than it is a Quay ticket. The Quay issue, the Hastings-Love issue, neither were introduced into the county convention so far as the selection of candidates was concerned. The ticket named is the ticket of the Republican Party of Centre County and *not* of a faction thereof. The REPUBLICAN cares not whether the candidates are Quay or anti-Quay, Hastings or anti-Hastings, they shall each and all have the full and earnest support of its columns. We will stand by the action of the County Convention and we will stand by the action of the State Convention. True, we would that things had been different so far as the State ticket is concerned, but we accepted the result of the State Convention as the sentiment of the Republicans of the State and gracefully submit to their will. We are for the Republican State ticket and will do the best we can to advance its interests. Of course we preach harmony; why shouldn't we? Our Democratic friends know too well that harmony in the Republican ranks in the county this fall means Democratic defeat cock sure. Quite naturally they hope to keep alive our party differences. That will be their chief aim during the campaign. Do not be influenced by their slurs and innuendo. Stand by your party's nominees. They are worthy of your suffrage. Vote the ticket straight from the Justice of the Supreme Court to the County Coroner. They are all Republican candidates of the Republican party and as such are entitled to a full Republican vote.

COL. JAMES E. BARNETT, the Republican candidate for State Treasurer, made a ten-strike with his speech at the G. A. R. encampment in Philadelphia last week. The speech is published in full elsewhere in this issue. Col. Barnett is—aside from his splendid military record—a man who is honest, capable and efficient and as the nominee of the State Republican Convention is entitled to a full Republican vote. Farmer Creasy, while a good man of sterling qualities, represents a party that opposes the Republican National Administration and is identified with a class that regards Aguinaldo as a hero and who are aiding and encouraging the Insurgent Tagal in his war against our country and our flag. Loyal and patriotic Republicans of Pennsylvania will stand by the President and his wise and fruitful administration. They cannot and will not vote for the candidate of a party who is antagonistic to the Federal Government. Colonel Barnett is the candidate of the Republican party. He represents the principles and policies of which President McKinley is the head and front. Read his Philadelphia speech. It has the true ring. His sentiments will find an echo in every loyal Pennsylvania heart. He is our candidate and he will be our next State Treasurer just as surely as McKinley will succeed himself. This comparison leaves no room for doubt.

FRANCE stands before the nations of the world a sorry spectacle of a government dishonored and disgraced, and through the machinations and shameful conspiracy of a corrupt and rotten military power. The civilized world sat in judgment during the progress of the Dreyfus court-martial at Rennes and when that infamous machine of the general staff pronounced the verdict of guilty against the persecuted Jew, the world handed down its verdict of guilty against France. Though declared guilty by the court-martial Dreyfus emerges from the ordeal an innocent man in the eyes of the world. It would seem that France needs a civil strife to rid her of an element of her citizenship that is slowly but surely accomplishing her utter degradation.

THOSE successful commercial countries of Europe—Great Britain, Germany, France, Italy and Austria-Hungary—pay, according to Commissioner of Navigation Chamberlian $4,500,000 annually to various steamship lines for the exclusive purpose of sending mails to the coast of China in the shortest space of time; while the United States pays $23,000 to American and $14,000 to foreign steamships for the same purpose. No wonder that the United States gets less than 6 per cent. of the commerce of the Orient in spite of the fact that our western ports are much nearer that those of the great commercial countries of Europe.

A REPUBLICAN postoffice inspector has been dismissed for spending his time in politics in his home state, when he should have been attending to his duties. Republicans may not talk so much as some about civil service reform, but an office holder is not allowed under this Administration to neglect Uncle Sam's business, even to work for his party.

"GOLDEN Rule" Jones of Ohio thinks the people ought to own everything and do everything. It seems probable that they will "do" Jones at the next election, if he stays in the field.

MR. Bryan thinks it is important that the candidates should fit the platform, but patriotic masses will give both the candidate and the platform fits as soon as they get the chance.

No party has ever yet made a success of a campaign in favor of the armed enemies of our flag, but the democrats seems determined to try it again. They failed to defeat Lincoln in 1864 and they will fail now.

IF General *Dix'* advice regarding those who attacked the American flag at New Orleans were put in practice now the democratics would shortly be hunting new leaders.

THE DREYFUS VERDICT.

In speaking of the Dreyfus verdict the Pittsburg Dispatch of September 10th gives expression to sentiments that will meet with the approval of all Americans. It says:

If there were any way in which the people of the United States could voice in thunder tones their abhorrence of the Dreyfus judgment and their disgust with the sinister scoundrels who encompassed and delivered it we feel sure they would be glad to do so. Of course, the cold-blooded will say that it is none of our affair, yet of the millions in many lands outside of France who have followed from day to day the pitiful proceedings there are few with heart or conscience who have not been deeply moved by such an unprecedented spectacle of premeditated injustice and downright deviltry.

Again, the argument is made that foreign expressions of opinion merely irritate the French and turn them more against the prisoner. That only tells half the case. However they feel at bottom, they yielded so far to foreign pressure as to give Dreyfus his second trial. Sham though it was, it resulted in the whole world seeing the injustice done him, and in the reduction of his sentence from life imprisonment to ten years, together with the pretense of "extenuating circumstances" as an excuse for the leniency—an artful but transparent bit of humbug.

Should the Parisians come to find that the prospects of their Exposition for next year are greatly impaired by this Dreyfus business, so far as the patronage of the United States, Great Britain and Germany is concerned, it will touch them upon at least one nerve which has always been more or less responsive to foreign suggestion—that of the pocket. Such is likely to be the result in this case unless the brave minority of the public men in France who have been fighting for justice for the poor unfortunate from Devils Island are again successful in staying the cruel hand of the now uncovered forgers, falsifiers and corruptionists of high army circles.

The Times, of the same city, on the 11th inst. speaks as follows:

France by allegation is a republic. In practice it is ruled by faction, by the revolutionists, by the army, by the nobility, by everybody who can scheme for another's undoing. When the army encountered criticism it presented Dreyfus as an example, and, because the scapegoat must be led to the sacrificial altar, he was convicted once and convicted again. It is not justice, and it is doubtful if it is the end. Quiet may follow, but the anarchy which is executed by the organized mob under the name of the state invites the deluge, just as the anarchy that came after Louis XVI. France is in an unhappy state. The people are too democratic for a monarchy, and they are not democratic and stable enough for a republic. Liberty without honorable manhood and educated intelligence is dangerous. The Dreyfus verdict is the result of the condition of France, a continuation of that revolution, atheism, socialism and injustice that have been French history. Dreyfus is merely the unfortunate incident.

Considerate Lynchers in Arkansas.

From the Atlanta Constitution.

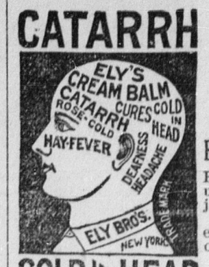
An Arkansas editor, discussing a lynching, says:

"The lynchers had forgotten to bring a rope with them, but the victim had forty cents in his pocket, and that was just enough to purchase a good, strong rope, which was soon procured from a store near by. The money, however, was considered as a loan, and was returned to the victim's family after the ceremonies were over."

To read the democratic newspapers, one would suppose that the colored voters were tumbling over each other in a mad rush to vote for the party which has disfranchised them in the South. Such stories deceive nobody.

ALL those who would dishonor the flag naturally look to the democratic party for help. With patriots it is different.

CATARRH



COLD IN HEAD

THE CLEANSING AND HEALING CURE FOR CATARRH IS Ely's Cream Balm

Easy and pleasant to use. Contains no injurious drug.

It is quickly absorbed. Gives relief at once.

It opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages.

Allays Inflammation.

Heals and protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., N. Y

For Democratic Traitors to Read.

From the St. Louis Republic (Bryanite).

Frank and honest criticism of errors in civil administration or military campaigning is one thing; a repudiation of just cause for national pride and an exaltation of persons opposing a legitimate exercise of national authority is quite another thing. Admiral Dewey stands splendidly for American patriotism and American efficiency these days. Aguinaldo, the Tagal, represents nothing but a lawless Filipino outbreak against the American flag, legally waving over the Philippines until the problem of final disposition of those islands shall have been solved. It will be well for all Americans to keep these facts in mind. The recognition of glory won in the war with Spain, and of the responsibility incurred in the Philippines as an unforseen development of that war, is incumbent upon all thinking Americans. It is in order now, as always, to condemn un-American policies and to point out official mistakes or official incompetency. But equally is it in order to maintain patriotism above partisanship, and to sturdily insist upon the good old principle of fair play even in politics.

WE BUY, WE DO NOT SELL.

In the presence of the Chicago Platform Democrats who were congregated in Cooper Union, New York City, one evening the early part of last week to listen to the Aguinaldo sympathizer and applaud the anti-American utterances of a corterie of bombastic revolutionists, the Hon. John Jacob Lentz, of Ohio, one of the most prominent (?) exponents of Bryan Democracy, denounced the hypothetical "purchase" of the Philippines as he would the sale of other portions of the United States, say the "State of Maine to England or Canada." The New York Sun briefly and pertinently has this to say concerning the distinguished Ohioan's unique and fatuous deduction:

We will not stop to discuss with this strenuous representative of modern Democracy the American government's constitutional right to sell a state; but even if Mr. Lentz's comparison of the purchase of the Philippines with the sale of Maine were in the abstract valid, there can be no force in it for the reason that, if buying or selling territory is to be done at this stage of our history, the United States will buy, not sell. The people of this country would rather see its territory grow than shrink.

The principle by which the Democrats maintain that this country is morally bound to sell the Philippines or give them away, of course, eventually, to some powerful nation of Europe, ties the party logically to the proposition that all territory formerly purchased by the United States ought to be got rid of.

The first lot put up for disposal under the anti-Imperialist policy would be the ancient territory of Louisiana, reaching from the Gulf of Mexico to the Pacific Ocean. At the time of their purchase the inhabitants of that region no more gave their consent to government by the United States than have the Aguinaldos. They were never asked for it, although the purchasing agent in chief was Thomas Jefferson, invoked so frantcally, together with his works, by the anti-Imperialists.

If our relation to the Philippines is to be determined according to the ideas now urged by the Democrats, then more than half the land of the United States will have to be auctioned off.

MR. Bryan's pen is a pretty good substitute for his voice; still that fact does not keep him from talking.

FOR SALE—PROPERTY ON EASY terms, possession given immediately. Inquire of C. K. Hicklen, agent.
Aug 29-1m-d and r.

THE NATIONAL TRUST CONFERENCE.

The National Conference to consider the trust question met in convention at Chicago yesterday under the auspices of the Civic Federation of that city and is composed of many of the brightest minds in the country. The purpose of the conference is to determine whether trusts are prejudicial to the country and people, and if so what legislation is advisable and feasible for their regulation. The much discussed and vexatious topic will be debated and argued in all its varied phases by men who are thoroughly informed upon this subject and the progress of their deliberations will be followed with interest by thousands who are anxious to become familiar with the pros and cons of a question that may, perhaps, enter largely into future political campaigns. There does not seem to be much anticipation for substantial results from this conference as no practicable plan has ever yet been suggested for the solution of this important and grave problem. The Industrial Commission created by Congress has thus far failed in its mission and it is not likely that the National Conference now in session will arrive at any logical conclusion. A careful perusal of the papers read in the convention and the elaborately prepared speeches delivered will doubtless yield wholesome food for thought and will enable many of us to absorb more information and knowledge of the "trust question" than to be acquired in years of study without the advantage of the concentration of views and opinions as will result from the Chicago Conference.

TO BE DEPENDED ON.

Because it is the Experience of a Bellefonte Citizen and Can Readily be Investigated.

A stranger lost in a large city would place far more dependence on the directions given them by a local resident than the guidance of another stranger like himself. This is a natural consequence of experience; it's like a ship in a strange port—a trusty pilot familiar with the harbor is always called upon to bring her safely to her moorings. So it is with endorsement; we doubt the sayings of people living at distant points because we can't investigate, but public expression of local citizens can be depended on, for 'tis an easy matter to prove it. Evidence like the following is beyond dispute.

Mr. B. H. Shaffer, of Howard street, Tinsmith, says:—"I was much troubled with backache and a lameness just over my hips and when I took cold there was always a difficulty with the kidney secretions. The lameness in my loins was very inconvenient for I could not move quickly without having sharp twinges through me and if bending forward I could hardly straighten. I learned about Doan's Kidney Pills, procured them from F. Potts Green's drug store and took them. They banished the pain and lameness."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

– On Monday evening at Williamsport Major W. F. Barber, of Lewisburg, was elected lieutenant colonel of the Twelfth regiment, N. G. P. by a vote of 16 to 10. His opponent was Capt. Wm. Sweely, of Williamsport.

OUR NEW DEPARTMENT

Latest Importations of

Ladies' Glace and Snede Gloves.

THE PEERLESS,
SOVEREIGN,
TRIANON,
SURETY,
MAJESTIC.

In all the proper shades, from the well known importers, Wertheimer & Co., New York.

Ladies' Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Neckwear, Collars and Cuffs.

MONTGOMERY & CO.

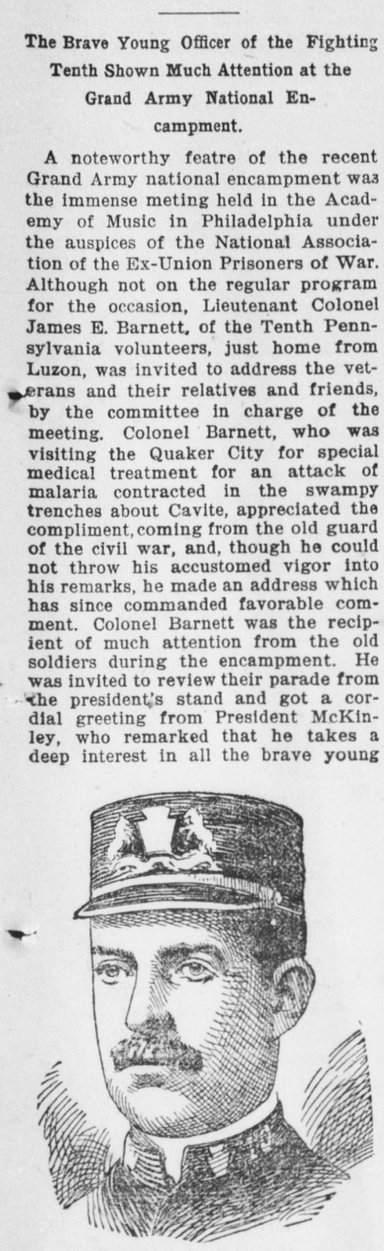
DO NOT HAUL DOWN THE FLAG

Veterans of the Sixties Cheer This Sentiment From Colonel Barnett.

NOTABLE SPEECH ON THE PHILIPPINES

The Brave Young Officer of the Fighting Tenth Shown Much Attention at the Grand Army National Encampment.

A noteworthy featre of the recent Grand Army national encampment was the immense meting held in the Academy of Music in Philadelphia under the auspices of the National Association of the Ex-Union Prisoners of War. Although not on the regular program for the occasion, Lieutenant Colonel James E. Barnett, of the Tenth Pennsylvania volunteers, just home from Luzon, was invited to address the veterans and their relatives and friends, by the committee in charge of the meeting. Colonel Barnett, who was visiting the Quaker City for special medical treatment for an attack of malaria contracted in the swampy trenches about Cavite, appreciated the compliment, coming from the old guard of the civil war, and, though he could not throw his accustomed vigor into his remarks, he made an address which has since commanded favorable comment. Colonel Barnett was the recipient of much attention from the old soldiers during the encampment. He was invited to review their parade from the president's stand and got a cordial greeting from President McKinley, who remarked that he takes a deep interest in all the brave young



LT. COLONEL JAMES E. BARNETT.

men who responded to his call for troops in the recent crisis. At the reunion of the late Colonel Hawkins' old regiment of the civil war Colonel Barnett was a guest of honor, and was called upon for a speech. On leaving Philadelphia Colonel Barnett went to Pittsburg, and from there to Markleton, Somerset county, on the Allegheny mountains, to stay at a sanitarium there for an indefinite period. His father, a well known Presbyterian clergyman, is one of the officers of the sanitarium, and the colonel will have the added benefit of being with his family while recuperating for his campaign for state treasurer.

COLONEL BARNETT'S SPEECH.

In his speech before the ex-prisoners of war Colonel Barnett said:

"Upon our arrival in our native land it has been our highest honor to be greeted by the soldiers of the civil war as comrades. We appreciate, as never before, the greatness of the struggle in which you were engaged, the fierceness of which has not and never will be understood by other nations until they themselves shall come into conflict with American armies. Serene and confident, you can gaze with appreciation upon the deeds of others without jealousy and without envy at the applause bestowed upon them, for you have erected for yourselves an unrivaled and imperishable monument, the Union itself. As you marched along the streets we felt that, like the bush of Moses, your hearts were still illumined by the fire of patriotism, and that by your very presence you said: 'Oh, Liberty, we still are thine, and if others falter now in the nation's hour of trial, although we are weak and feeble, take us with all that we have of life and fortune and use us in thy cause.'

"I believe that America has a mission, and, that having been herself redeemed by your efforts and washed clean from the last stain of dishonor, and the north and south having been happily again united in a common love of our institutions, that she has already entered upon the fulfillment of that mission. From strife comes advancement, and this is the lesson taught by the records of the great world's drama which we call history.

"For centuries two great civilizations have battled with each other and from the friction of that contest have been evolved some of the choicest privileges that belong to man collectively, or as an individual. America, on the one hand, represents the highest type of Saxon civilization, and Spain, on the other, the most decadent type of Latin. Between these two the latest and greatest combat in the interest of humanity has just been fought.

"Cuba and Porto Rico have been rescued from centuries of oppression and have been endowed with the blessings of liberty. Inestimable as were the results thus obtained, yet there was another and far reaching issue involved in the contest, the significance of which has but lately become apparent.

IN THE FAR OFF PHILIPPINES.

"Thousands of miles beyond the Golden Gates of California, on the farther confines of the Pacific ocean, washed by the blue waves of the China sea, almost unknown to the civilized world, yet the very key to the Orient itself, lies, smiling under a tropical sun, the Philippine islands. Their soil is fertile beyond comparison. Sugar, tobacco, corn, rice and hemp are among its many products. There grow without cultivation in prolific abundance the cocoanut, the mango, the banana and hundreds of varieties of nature's choicest fruits. In their uplands and among their hills can be grown also the fruits of the temperate zone. Gold and other minerals await the discoverer's pick, and coal, that agent of civilization, only awaits to be developed. Inexhaustible forests of the most magnificent hard woods cover and adorn their hills and mountains. Rivers and their estuaries give cheap and convenient access to all parts of the archipelago. They are inhabited by tribes of the Malay race, semi-civilized, but debauched, degraded by the rule to which they have been subjected. Superstitious and credulous, they have engrafted upon their national characteristics the lessons taught for hundreds of years by an oppressor's treachery. For three hundred years these islands were the undisputed property of the crown of Spain. During all that time when European nations were jealously seeking to extend their colonial possessions and were eagerly appropriating to themselves, even at the risk of conflict with their neighbors, portions of Egypt, Africa, India, China and of almost the whole known world, no one ventured to infringe upon the rights of Spain in this archipelago, so firm and stable was her title. Here she ruled without comment, and without observation, until one May morning Dewey rent assunder the veil of concealment and brought Saxon civilization to their shores. Why did not Dewey sail away, after destroying the Spanish fleet? We believe that no mortal man can answer why—but we believe also that his long and lonely vigil in Manila bay, as he looked anxiously towards his native land, was but to carry out the destiny of the American nation. Every happening since then seems to confirm this belief, and there seems to have been laid upon this country a duty in regard to the Philippines impossible to escape. Had we allowed Spain to retain possession of the Philippines we would have stultified every profession we had made in the interest of humanity. Had we deprived her of possession and then abandoned the islands the archipelago would have become a derelict in the sea of civilization, liable to have produced a universal war. Had we thus abandoned them Aguinaldo and his savage followers would have destroyed property, would have butchered Spaniards and all foreigners alike, and there would have been universal anarchy. It was generally understood that the loot of Manila was to be the pay of Aguinaldo's army. We would have incurred the censure of every civilized nation and in addition would have become involved in the gravest international questions of responsibility for loss of lives and property. The great mass of the people are unfitted, and do not care for national self government, if for no other reason than the lessons taught them by Spain, and while with them liberty is now a name to conjure by, yet by nature and education they are unfitted to administer its principles, and left to themselves would have become a prey to ambitious and designing powers.

SOVEREIGNTY OF THE UNION.

"Spain's title was undisputed; by treaty that title passed to us, unimpeachable and unimpeached. When our army was assailed in the Island of Luzon the sovereignty of our Union itself was attacked and our flag was insulted before the world. The attack was not made by the united inhabitants of the archipelago, or of the Island of Luzon—it was made by a small part of the people of the latter island residing in the seven provinces immediately surrounding the city of Manila, and known as the Tagalos tribe. This tribe is fierce and warlike, and is on friendly terms with scarcely any other tribe in the whole country, and if the peacefully inclined inhabitants of the Island of Luzon itself could be relieved of their fear of this tribe they would have no sympathy whatever with this war for so-called independence. Although a constitution has been prepared and published to the world, yet in reality the war is not a war for independence, but rather for self aggrandizement. Aguinaldo himself, who has been hailed by sentimental Americans as the apostle of liberty for his people, lived in kingly state and splendor—his people were taxed to keep up this magnificence and it was kept up until he was compelled to take flight from Malolos. His general and associates maintained the same pomp and parade, and it was this barbaric splendor which the United States was expected to support for the benefit of the Filipino leaders.

"The fact is, the Filipino leaders did not believe that they could establish and uphold a permanent government themselves, for prior to the outbreak, when attempts at conciliation were being made, when asked whether they wished the American army and navy to be taken away and they left to themselves they invariably answered "no," but that they wished a protectorate. This word "protectorate" seems to have charms for many people in America who do not understand its significance in the Philippines. According to the Philippine construction it meant that they should have sole control of the government and the revenues therefrom; that the army and navy of the United States should act as a police force under their direction and assist them to subdue and control all tribes refusing to acknowledge their sovereignty. The Tagalos constitute but a small part of the population of the Island of Luzon itself, and this meant practically the subjugation of that island in addition to that of the entire islands of the archipelago. It meant that whenever they violated the principles of international law by reason of ignorance or rashness that the United States was to assume the responsibility for such violation and to sustain them against the resentment of any and all civilized powers. The American flag was to fight beneath the Filipino flag, and yet at the same time be its protector.

"Had this arrangement been made I believe that it would have cost this country more lives and more treasure than can possibly be expended in suppressing the present insurrection—that in sentiment and in honor it would have cost us infinite vexation and humiliation and that instead of being the upholders of liberty we would have become the guardians of a worthless despotism.

OUR SOLDIERS MISREPRESENTED.

"Not only is there but a small part of the Island of Luzon engaged in this insurrection, but the greater part of the tribe which is engaged is opposed to a continuation of the war, is in favor of American rule, but is overawed by the threats of the insurgent leaders. Under orders from these leaders all towns and cities which were abandoned were burned by the insurgent forces, and the inhabitants compelled to move back within their lines. Thousands upon thousands have thus had their homes destroyed by their own countrymen and have been compelled to live as best they might, in poverty and suffering. For a while the people had been terrified and had been prejudiced against the American army by printed circulars, which had been distributed, stating that the United States troops had committed all kinds of atrocities against old men and helpless women and children in the towns which they captured, but experience soon showed them that the Americans were their best friends. By the time we reached Malolos the people had come to understand the treatment they would receive from the American army and we were informed by those who ventured back under flags of truce that nearly the whole population wished to remain in their homes and await the coming of our troops, but that the insurgents at the point of the bayonet forced them to leave and drove them back into the country, where they lived in swamps and thickets.

"It was the order of General Otis, carried out to the fullest extent by our division commander, General MacArthur, that the troops should treat these non-combatants with the utmost courtesy and kindness, and this was done, despite all reports to the contrary.

"As commander of the district of Cavite I had personal knowledge of this feeling in the provinces of Cavite and Batangas, the very hotbed of the insurrection. The town of Cavite, which was of limited area, became so crowded that for fear of an epidemic of sickness I was obliged to turn away hundreds upon hundreds of men and women, coming from the mainland, who wished to abandon the insurgent cause and escape from the excesses and outrages of the insurgent troops. As soon as the insurgent forces had withdrawn the prominent citizens of Imus, the capital of Cavite province, welcomed the American troops, and under their direction formed a local government, under which they are still working. Other towns in this province sent requests to have the American forces visit them and receive their submission.

"The insurgent army itself is not united, as a great many of the soldiers were forced to enlist and are compelled to serve under threat of death.

ADMINISTRATION COMMENDED.

"I have been asked, as has every returning soldier, my opinion of the conduct of the war. This question is so indefinite that I do not think it can be intelligently answered by subordinate officers like myself. I can say, however, that within my knowledge two of the departments, which most vitally affect the interests of the army, could not, under all the circumstances, have been better conducted. The rations were excellent and were promptly supplied, the hospital accommodations were ample and the medical staff sufficient, not only to care for our own men, but to furnish an object lesson in generosity and magnaminity by treating hundreds of Filipinos, who would otherwise have been left to die.

"Speaking from a material standpoint, these islands will prove a valuable acquisition to the United States. Already they are developing commerce to a wonderful extent upon the Pacific coast. Those who have not seen them cannot appreciate the prodigality of nature or the immense commercial traffic which they possess. If peace be restored the revenues of but a few years will suffice to pay for their purchase, and the price of their conquest, and I venture the prediction that before the next national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic the sovereignty of the United States will be undisputed throughout the length and breadth of the archipelago. I do not propose to discuss expansion and anti-expansion, for I am not familiar with the exact meaning of those terms. If anti-expansion means that we should not assume possession of the Philippines—then it is out of date, for we already hold them by a title that no civilized nation for very self preservation would dare to dispute. If it means that we are to retire from the present conflict, to abandon the islands to anarchy and dark and bloody deeds of revenge and death, and that our national emblem is to be thus humiliated and dishonored for the first time before the nations of the earth, then I do not believe that the great majority of the American people will consent. I do not believe that you, who fought and suffered to preserve, establish and perpetuate the very Union whose honor and sovereignty are thus assailed, will consent that its flag shall be hauled down in that land, whose soil has been consecrated to the cause of liberty and dedicated to civilization by the shedding of American blood."

Prevention is Better Than Cure!

Green's 4 CHLORIDES prevents smallpox and other contagious disease.

It is odorless and does not stain any material on which it is used.

If sprinkled about the house and premises it will keep the air purified and destroy all disease germs, thereby preventing smallpox and other contagious disease. Price 25cts. per pint bottle, making one gallon of disinfectant solution.

Fresh Vaccine points and Glycerinated Lymph always on hand. Manufactured only at

Green's Pharmacy,

Bush House Block. Bellefonte, Pa.

FUSION SCHEME IS COMPLETELY BLOCKED

Justice Dimner Beeber's Declaration of Party Loyalty Closes That Issue.

HE IS A CONSISTENT REPUBLICAN.

Determination of the Defeated Candidate For the Superior Court to Stand by His Party Prevents a Deal With the Democracy.

Harrisburg, Sept. 12.—That there was a carefully planned scheme on the part of certain disappointed politicians to effect a fusion with the Democracy on the state ticket was known to leading men in the Republican party for some time. The plan contemplated the withdrawal of Charles J. Reilly, the Democratic nominee for superior court justice, and the substitution of the name of Justice Dimner Beeber for his on the Democratic state ticket. This was to be done with the understanding that the Democrats were to support Beeber for the superior court in return for Republican votes which were to be thrown to Creasy, the Democratic candidate for state treasurer. Even if this deal had been consummated there would not have been the slightest danger of the defeat of either Lieutenant Colonel James E. Barnett or Josiah R. Adams, the candidate on the Republican ticket against whom this intrigue was directed. For every disgruntled Republican who would have supported a scheme of this character there would have been a dozen Democrats who would have repudiated it and voted the Republican ticket. The men who were engineering this project were sorely disappointed last week, when Justice Dimner Beeber came out in a public announcement that he would have nothing to do with the proposed fusion scheme.

JUSTICE BEEBER A REPUBLICAN.

This is Justice Beeber's statement as given to the newspapers:

"I cannot be a candidate of any party now. I am bound by the action of the convention, and the nomination having gone elsewhere, I am no longer in the field. I do not feel that I could accept an independent nomination, as good faith to the convention and to the Republican party requires that I should not, and therefore I will not."

This manly stand taken by Justice Beeber was generally commented upon as indicating that he is deserving of the greatest consideration at the hands of the men identified with the Republican organization. It was recalled that throughout the canvass in favor of the successful candidate for this nomination not a single word was said derogatory to Justice Beeber. His announcement blocks the game of the men back of the guerrilla warfare which has been waged against Josiah R. Adams, the Republican nominee for justice of the superior court. The attempts to arouse opposition to him in the Republican party have been puerile and ridiculous. Justice Beeber in refusing to be a cat's-paw for the men are working for personal interests in politics will impress those who have not the pleasure of personal acquaintance with him with his good judgment and manliness of character.

The Democratic leaders, as well as their Republican allies, were greatly disappointed when they read Justice Beeber's announcement. Colonel Jas. M. Guffey, the Democratic national committeeman, who went all the way from Pittsburg to Philadelphia to be on hand to push through the fusion scheme, was the first to recover his equilibrium. Like the fox with the inaccessible grapes, he concluded to at once make the best of a bad situation, and he promptly gave out an interview in which he said he would never have favored a fusion plan. He admitted, however, that such a proposition had been under discussion for some time, but insisted that no conclusion had been reached.

SOUR GRAPES FOR GUFFEY.

"I for one," said the gallant Colonel Guffey, without even as much as a smile upon his countenance, "would not favor any such plan. I am satisfied the sentiment is too strong throughout the state for a straight Democratic ticket to gain any support for a split ticket."

Democratic State Chairman Rilling followed the next day with a "me too" interview to the same effect, but there was a marked expression of disappointment upon all the workers about the Democratic state headquarters over the collapse of the fusion scheme.

This was their second failure to form a combination to help their state candidates in this campaign. They made a desperate effort to have the Prohibitionists put Creasy upon their ticket for state treasurer. They had the game all carefully set up with some of the leaders of the Prohibition party, who were quietly encouraged to look favorably upon the proposition by certain disappointed Republicans, but when the delegates in the Prohibition state convention discovered what was going on they promptly sat down upon Creasy, whose friends, they declared, should never have had the audacity to attempt to foist him upon the Prohibition party, without his having the slightest claim to recognition from them. This setback was quite as unexpected as it was emphatic.

It looks as though Creasy is not going to cut much of a figure in this campaign.

FLINN MAKES A STATEMENT.

Following the declaration from Justice Beeber that he proposed to abide by the action of the Republican state convention, a statement from Senator William Flinn, of Allegheny, who was the acknowledged leader of what were known as the "insurgents" in the last legislature, is significant. Senator Flinn, when asked what would be his attitude toward the Republican state ticket replied:

"What else can it be but to aid it in every way possible? I am a Republican, and while I am still opposed to Senator Quay and his methods, which dominate the Republican machine, I feel that inasmuch as I participated in the convention which nominated the present state ticket, I can do nothing but support it at the polls. I think I voice the sentiments of the Republicans of Allegheny when I say that they are opposed to Quay and his methods, and because of this feeling we do not for a minute consider ourselves regular.

"Should we have decided to protest against this ticket on election day we might have said that we had an ample precedent set by some of the men who are now closely identified with the Quay organization in the matter of bolting Republican conventions, particularly in our city in 1896, but we don't employ Philadelphia methods to govern our actions in Allegheny. What I had to say and do against the present Republican ticket was done in the convention at Harrisburg, and, having been overruled in this protest, I have nothing before me now but to maintain my Republicanism by supporting the nominees. While still opposing the Quay leadership Allegheny will still remain in the Republican as well as in the anti-Quay column."

ALL ARE LOYAL TO THE PRESIDENT

Pennsylvania Republicans Conspicuous at the Grand Army Encampment.

PATRIOTISM THE KEYNOTE.

Chairman Reeder Delighted With the Compliments Paid the State Candidates and the Predictions For Immense Majorities From Every Section of the State.

(Special Correspondence.)

Philadelphia, Sept. 12.—If there is one man in Pennsylvania more than any other who has reason to be pleased with the outcome of the Grand Army encampment here in this city last week that man is General Frank Reeder, chairman of the Republican state committee. While politics was not in any way injected into the proceedings of the encampment, and the Republican organization of this state practically closed the headquarters as far as active campaigning was concerned, the very atmosphere seemed surcharged with patriotism, and on every hand were evidences of intense loyalty to President McKinley and his administration. As the Republican campaign in the Keystone state is to be waged exactly upon these lines, and the people of this commonwealth are undoubtedly heartily in accord with these sentiments, the Republican field marshal has occasion to be confident of the outcome of the issue at the polls in November next. There were probably not in years so many old soldiers gathered together in this city at one time. Among them were thousands of active and influential Republicans in their respective localities in Pennsylvania. Many of them naturally embraced the opportunity to call at the state headquarters of their party, if only to pay their respects to the state chairman.

A REPUBLICAN RENDEZVOUS.

The comfortable building at 1231 Walnut street, which has been occupied by the Republican state committee for a number of years, became a veritable rendezvous for many of the visitors. The building was beautifully decorated in honor of the visiting veterans. The entire front was a mass of red, white and blue bunting, hung in graceful festoons, and almost hiding from view the six large windows which supply light to the interior. Portraits of three men who have helped to make the country's history entered into the decorations. Between the windows of the third floor, and surrounded by a multitude of flags, was a handsome portrait of Washington. Between the windows of the second floor was a likeness of President McKinley, while in a conspicuous position on the first floor was a portrait of Lieutenant Colonel James E. Barnett, the gallant officer of the Tenth Pennsylvania volunteers, and the Republican nominee for state treasurer, who added fame to the old Keystone state in the campaign in the Philippines. From each window of the building floated a large American flag, and from the cornices fluttered streamers of the national colors.

Plenty of chairs upon which to make themselves comfortable and newspapers from every county in the state were there at their disposal, and the state chairman and his assistants missed no opportunity to make their visitors feel at home. General Reeder, who is a past department commander of the Grand Army, and marched in the parade with his home post, the Lafayette, of Easton, is personally acquainted with many of the callers, and enjoyed the many interesting reminiscences of war times.

SPLENDID REPORTS RECEIVED.

General Reeder did not fail to inquire of his callers as to the sentiment in their various counties, and he was naturally pleased to hear from every quarter of the commonwealth reports of the most gratifying character.

The old soldiers invariably declared that the Republicans generally were delighted with the action of their state convention in the selection of exceptionally strong candidates, the nomination of brave Barnett, for state treasurer, being especially pleasing to the enthusiastic young Republicans and to the soldiers generally, both the old and the young. Messrs. Brown and Adams, nominees for the supreme and the superior courts, respectively, were

a [illegible] stand[illegible] vigor[illegible] of the [illegible] and that [illegible] publican sta[illegible] ing and cordia[illegible] icy of President [illegible] phatic and unequivoca[illegible] favor of his renomination [illegible] presidency, was received with [illegible] sions of delight by Republican[illegible] where. They recognized that P[illegible] vania has the honor of leading [illegible] movement for a second term for President McKinley, and they declared that already the people in their respective localities are thoroughly aroused and are intent upon rolling up big Republican majorities for the candidates on the state ticket in November, so that the Keystone state shall by an overwhelming Republican triumph at the polls start the ball rolling for a veritable McKinley landslide for the presidency next year.

PARTY LEADERS PROMINENT.

Pennsylvania Republicans in the Grand Army had occasion last week to be proud of the leading officials of the state and of this city, who have been elected through their Republican organization. United States Senator Boies Penrose, Governor William A. Stone and Mayor Samuel H. Ashbridge, of this city, were untiring in their attentions to the visiting veterans, were on hand early to give them a cordial greeting and were with them constantly at all the important functions prepared for their entertainment, and bade them a friendly farewell and a hearty God speed as they departed for home. Governor Stone, who as a soldier of the civil war with an honorable record, could address them as comrades, was particularly happy in the many clever speeches he was called upon to make, and impressed all with the sincerity of his greeting when he welcomed them in the name of the commonwealth. The brilliant young United States senator and the able and energetic mayor of the Quaker City were both patriotic and eloquent, and each was enthusiastically applauded whenever there was occasion to address the old soldiers or sailors attracted here by the encampment. The governor was accompanied by Attorney General John P. Elkin, who was not allowed to leave the city without being called upon for one of those characteristically patriotic speeches, such as thrilled his audiences when, as chairman of the Republican state committee, he was conducting the campaign in the interest of Colonel Stone for the governorship last fall.

Lieutenant Colonel Barnett, who was in this city for medical treatment, was the recipient of much attention from the old soldiers, and his speech, which he was urged to make in the Academy of Music was one of the interesting features of the week.

BELLEFONTE MARKETS.

Corrected weekly by Gerberich & Son. The following quotations are taken at 6 p m on Wednesday of each week.

PER BUSHEL		PER TON	
Wheat new	63c	Ground Plaster	$8
" old	68c	PER BUSHEL	
Red Wheat	63c	Buckwheat	30c
Rye	40c	Clover seed	
Corn, shelled	35c	Crimson Clover	
Corn, ears new	35c	seed	$4
Oats, old	20c		
Oats, new	20c		

Corrected weekly by Seehler & Co.

PER POUND		PER BUSHEL	
Lard	07c	Potatoes, new	40c
Country Shoulders	06c	Onions	50c
Country sides	06c	PER DOZEN	
Tallow	03c	Eggs	12c
Butter	50c		

Early Opening

Of Fall and Winter Clothing, Season 1899 & 1900 for Men Boys and Children.

Hat Opening for men women & children.

Neck Wear for men women & children.

Gloves for men women & children.

Handkerchiefs for men women & children.

Hosiery for men women & children.

Underwear for men boys & children.

Umbrella & Mackintosh opening for men & women.

Opening of Fall & Winter Woolens for clothing made to order by the best cutters & tailors.

Montgomery & Co.

...mplete Revenge.

...hen sat together in a room ...one of the finest residences on a ...ionable New York street one ...ummer night. One of them was a well-preserved gentleman of perhaps 55 years, and from his air and dress it was easy to tell that he was used to moving in the higher circles of society.

The other was of nearly the same age. but there was something in his face, and a sort of dry atmosphere clinging to him, like that indescribable influence which always seems to surround a book from a library, that told he was a man whose years had been spent among bills and ledgers. The careless observer would have told you that his life had settled down into such a routine that he had no ambition beyond the careful keeping of his books, that his ideas were confined to bill and invoice and casting up long columns of figures.

But the careful reader of men's faces would have told you that there was a peculiar look of waiting for something in his face. He was biding his time.

John Warfield, merchant prince and host, poured out two glasses of wine from a glittering decanter on the table,and motioned John Warne clerk and visitor—by express and urgent invitation—to drink with him. And they drank silently.

Then there was a long and painful pause. John Warfield was pale with whatever thoughts were at work in his bosom Very pale. He was restless, and paced to and fro for many minutes, while John Warne waited patiently for whatever was to be said.

Suddenly the merchant stopped before the clerk.

"You have sworn by your hope of heaven, by all you consider binding upon your soul, to never reveal one word of the conversation that takes place between us to-night?"

"Yes," answered Warne; "I have sworn."

"There is no use in beating round the bush," cried Warfield, his hands working nervously and his face growing paler, as if he were drawing nearer to something frightful. "I am on the brink of financial ruin. Warne—you know that."

"Yes, I know it," answered Warne.

"There is only one way out of it," said Warfield, ghastly white now.

He was very near the hideous thing that frightened his thoughts.

"And that way?"

"Is death," answered the merchant, hoarsely.

"You don't mean to take your own life!" cried the clerk, startled for a moment out of his usual composure.

"Of course not," answered Warfield. "You know that my brother left a large fortune to his only child. She stands between me and that fortune to-day. If she were dead I should come into possession of it immediately. You begin to understand, I think?"

"I think I do," answered the clerk, a trifle pale. "It is her death that you refer to?"

"Exactly, Warne. If she were to die, I am saved. She must be got out of the way. You must do it for me. For years I have kept your secret. No one in the world, save you and I, know who forged those drafts 25 years ago. No one but you and I will known how Catharine Oran goes out of the world. I will give you ten thousand dollars when the deed is done. Is it a bargain?"

"It is murder!" cried Warne, pale as death. "I can't do it. Get someone else."

"I can trust no one else," said Warfield, desperately. "Do you, want to spend the remainder of your life in a prison cell? You shall so help me God, if you refuse to help me now! If I go to ruin you shall go to the punishment I have shielded you from. There is no risk to run. She is at school with my daughter—at a private institution on the seashore, fifty miles out of town. You can go down there—and get her out of the way easily enough, without being detected. I have heard you say, time and again, that you believed in no hereafter. What is there so dreadful in doing this, then? It is merely sending her to her grave sooner than she would otherwise go. She will be better off dead then living."

"She is there with your daughter, you say?"

Warne's voice sounded strange to himself and far away. His face had lost some of its old apathy.

"Yes; it is a wild. lonely place. You will know her by her resemblance to my daughter. Is it a bargain?"

"It is a bargain," answered John Warne, hoarsely, rising from his seat. His eyes were full of a strange fire; the time he had waited for five and twenty years was near at hand at last.

"The wine seems to have got into your head," laughed Warfield, nervously. Will you have another glass, Warne?"

"No more, thank you," answered the old clerk.

"It isn't wine that has got into my' head, Warfield: it is something that has been there a long time. It has roused itself to night. Is there anything more to be said between us?"

"No," answered Warfield. "You understand my wishes; be careful, Warne, and sure!"

"Good night!" and the clerk bowed himself out.

"Revenge is sweet, they say!" he whispered, in the street. "I shall find if it be so. Oh, John Warfield, I have waited for something—I hardly knew what—for years. I never dreamed of such a grand opportunity as this."

* * * * * * *

A wild, wet day. The waves screamed in mad glee against the cruel rocks, and the sky was like a pall. The gulls circled in the chill' gray atmosphere, crying harshly and discordantly.

"I wonder if she will come!"

The man who whispered this query to the winds peered out from behind the rock where he was hidden, anxiously. She got my message, I know. Poor fool! she thinks she is coming to meet her lover, but she will meet death!"

John Warne shivered. It might have been with cold—it might have been with terror. But he thought of revenge and his face was hard and pitiless as fate.

She came, presently; he saw her coming down the sandy shore, with the wind blowing her yellow hair all about her face, and an expectant look in her eyes. The sight of her innocent young face and the thought of what he was there to do struck him to the heart with a sudden sharp pain, like a dagger-thrust; but a face as fair as hers came between him and the sight of her, and crushed every vestige of pity out of his heart.

She passed the rock without seeing him. He came behind her noiselessly; he threw her cloak over her head with a sudden movement, and drew it down tightly about her mouth before she could cry out; the folds of it pinioned her arms like cords.

He dragged her down to the waters edge. He dragged her out into the cruel waves, and with an iron grip upon the folds which prisoned her so securely, he thrust her down beneath the flood and held her there.

There was a wild fierce struggle for life and liberty, but it was a vain one. His hold was not to be shaken off. It was death to her. It was revenge to him.

Pretty soon it was all over. He dragged the unresisting form back to the shore and dropped it on the wet sands.

He never stopped to look at the face beneath the dripping garment that had shut out the world for ever, but strode away across the sands, a vagabond and outcast on the face of the earth forever more. But he had had his revenge.

"A telegram, sir."

John Warfield clutched the paper with fingers that shook like aspen leaves. His face was frightfully pale. He tore it open and read:

"We have bad news for you. A terrible accident has happened. Come immediately."

He knew who and where it was from without looking at the signature.

Half an hour later the southward-bound train bore him out of the city.

An hour after that he was standing at the door of the Pensionat des Demoiselles, where his daughter and niece had spent the last two years of their lives. He rang the bell and stood there in the chill, gray mist of the dreary morning, waiting with a pale and frightened face—for what?

A hurry of footsteps in the hall. The door was opened by a girl with yellow hair and a white, tear-stained face.

"Oh, Uncle John!" she cried, and burst into tears. "It is so terrible"

The man's face was ghastly with sudden terror. His teeth chattered so that he could hardly speak.

"I—I thought it was you!" he cried, hoarsely, at last. "Where is Cecile?"

He clutched her arm so fiercely that she cried out with pain.

"She is in the parlor," the girl answered, sobbing. "Do you want to see her now?"

He put his hands to his head in a sort of dazed way. It seemed to be whirling around and around, and he was trying to stop it.

"I—I must be a little wild," he said, as if he hardly knew what he was saying. "Cecile is in the parlor, you say? Is she well? Does she know that I am coming?"

"Oh, Uncle John!" cried Catharine Oran, with a great sob. "Don't you know? Cecile is dead!"

He never answered her. He put out his hands, as if to grasp at something to steady himself by, but found nothing; and, with a gasping cry, he fell face downward to the floor.

* * * * *

That afternoon this letter was put into John Warfield's hands:

"I have waited for 25 years for revenge. You have thought that I never found out your secret; you have thought that no living persons, save yourself knew that my sister's life was ruined and her heart broken by you. But you were wrong. How I learned the fact matters not But I swore to be revenged. You had no mercy for your victim; I have had none for mine. You thought to end an innocent life that stood between you and your selfish ambition. I have taken an innocent life, and sacrificed my soul for the revenge that I have been waiting for. When you know that I made no mistake in doing what I have done, but that I intended to do it from the first as it has been done, think of the ruin you wrought so long ago, and say if you can, that my revenge is not complete."

* * * * * *

To-day John Warfield looks out upon a little strip of God's green earth from behind the bars of a madman's cell: and today John Warne wanders up and down the world, a haunted remorseful man. He is under the shadow of the curse of Cain; for him there is no rest here nor hereafter.

The girl is the mother of the woman just as "the boy is the father of the man." The period when the womanly functions begin is one to be carefully watched and considered. Irregularity or derangement at this time may be promptly met and cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. But neglected at this critical period may entail years of future suffering. "Favorite Prescription" acts directly upon the womanly organs giving them perfect vigor and abundant vitality. It removes the obstructions to health and happiness and delivers womanhood from the cruel bondage of "female weakness."

You pay the postage. Dr. Pierce gives you the book. The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1008 pages, 700 illustrations is sent free on receipt of stamps to defray cost of mailing only. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the paper bound book, or 31 stamps for cloth bound. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

THE more Richard Croker's declaration for Bryan is considered, the more it becomes appearent to political students that it was intended solely for local effect in the coming November election.

JUDGE LYNCH.

In the spriug of 59, finding myself somewhat worn out by a too close application to business, I was considering a trip up the Hudson, when I received a letter from an old friend of mine in the backwoods of Indiana, inviting me to pay him a visit. Here was just the chance I had been wanting: I could obtain fresh air in abundance out there, and, besides, I had long wished to see something of those remarkable people about whom I had heard and read so much.

It never takes me long to act after my mind is made up, and in 24 hours after the reception of my friend's letter I was on my way to his residence. I went by rail as far as posaible, of course, and then attempted to finish my journey by stage. But I soon got tired of this, and after spending considerable valuable time succeeded in purchasing a stout, hardy horse, paying about twice his real value.

After this I made better progress, and, upon consulting the people along my way, found that a few days of easy traveling would bring me to Howard's. As I progressed the country grew rougher—and the people, too, for that matter; so that I always looked carefully to my pistols before retiring, at night. One afternoon, as I was riding along I observed dark clouds looming up in the west and resolved to seek shelter at an early hour; but these soon passed by, and I thought no more of them.

About two hours before dark I reached a straggling settlement, beyond which stretched a vast forest. I had intended to stop here, but the appearance of the place was so repelling that I finally rode on.

I had gone but a short distance in the forest when I was astoisnhed by the fall of a raindrop on my hand, and this was followed by another and another, and on looking up through the limbs of the trees, which nearly met over my head, I saw that the sky was covered with dark, angry-looking clouds. The rain fell faster and faster, while the wind arose and "blew a gale," driving the cold rain full in my face, drenching me to the skin in a short time.

Darkness came on rapidly, owing to the heavens being covered with an inky mantel, and I was soon riding along in the tempest, unable to see a foot before my eyes.

All at once, as I rode along, I felt bushes brush against my limbs, and knew that my horse had lost the main road and had strayed into some by-path—for there appeared to be a track trodden under foot, and I knew that, narrow as the path was, it had some time been used.

But as I made this discovery, I distinguished some kind of a building ahead, and on riding forward found it to be a log cabin of the rudest sort. To all appearances it was deserted, for the door was open, and no answer came to my loud shouts.

There was a tumble-down shed attached to it, and to this I led my horse; and, after giving it a quantity of meal I fortunately had with me, I removed the saddle and bridle and carried them into the house with me.

In one corner of the room was a fireplace, with a quantity of wood beside it, and I soon had a bright fire going. The hut contained but one room, which was rough and filthy but showed unmistakable signs of recent occupancy. The owner had evidently been there but quite lately; but he was now absent, and I determined to make the best of things. So I made a light supper of the cornbread I found in a corner cupboard, smoked the pipe of the absent settler, and laid down to sleep for the night.

I did not awake until some time after daybreak, when, on going to the door, I found the sun had risen in a cloudless sky. I was bustling about, anxious to be off, when suddenly I stood transfixed with mingled surprise and horror. Near the corner of the room, opposite the fireplace, was a pool of blood the size of a man's hand.

Not an unusual sight in a country where many of the people lived by hunting; but I was a native New Yorker, and the red pool startled me, and my terror was increased when I saw it had dropped down from between the two boards in the loft above, which was so insignificant I had not thought of exploring it.

I was still staring at the dark substance, when I heard a step behind me and a rough voice exclaimed:

"Hello, stranger! how are ye? Whar's Meeker?"

I turned around quickly. Standing before me, in and outside of the hut, were a dozen rough-looking men. I was so taken by surprise that for a moment I could frame no reply, and the thought flashed through my mind that if there had been a crime committed, as I feared there had, I was in an unpleasant situation—found staring at a pool of blood and then facing these rough men, with pale face and confused manner.

"He's gone! That is—I don't know where he is." I stammered wishing myself safely out of my fix.

"You don't,eh ?" said the speaker suspiciously, I thought. "But what is the meanin' o' that puddle of blood ?"

"I assure you I don't know," I replied.

"Oh, you don't! Boys, thar's somethin' wrong here, or my name ain't Dan Reid. Keep your eye on this cove, fellers, while Brown an' I go up the attic an' see what that blood comes from."

"Sir!" I exclaimed, "do you mean to insinuate——"

"Easy ! Ef it's all right you shall not be troubled."

Reid and Brown caught hold of some pins I had not before observed and mounted like cats up to the loft. Then they muttered a simultaneous cry.

I need not dwell on the scene which followed. They had found the owner of the cabin, Meeker, who was a kind of a hermit, dead in his bed, his throat cut from ear to ear. And they had found me below all ready to depart, standing near a pool of the victim's life-blood—worse, several drops of the sanguine substance were found on my clothing, where they had doubtless fallen as I went back and forth on the evening of my arrival. Then too, I had faced them with confused manner, pale face and stammering speech.

I was at once accused of murdering the settler. I indignantly denied the charge, relating how I had lost my way in the storm and, coming to what I thought was a deserted hut, had gladly embraced the chance of escaping from the fury of the elements.

I might as well have talked to the wind; they did not care if I was Judge Lawrence of New York. "If you war James Buchanan himself you would have to swing," said Reid.

Despite all my protestations of innocence, I was seized by a dozen pairs of strong hands, while as many fierce eyes gleamed ominously upon me.

A rope was found in the hut, and then I was dragged out under a wide spreading tree with little ceremony. One end of the cord was now looped around my neck, while the other was deftly thrown over a limb about 15 feet from the ground.

"Good God !" I cried, as I now comprehended the fate marked out for me by the settlers; "would you murder me ?"

"Only administer justice," said Reid.

"Good heavens ! would you murder a man without giving him a trial? Go to Morris Howard and he will tell you I am not the man to slay a fellow being in cold blood."

"Stuff ! that won't work here. It's the usual dodge of such vermin as you. Pull away boys !"

The rope tightened around my neck and in another moment I should have dangled in mid air, but at this crises a score more of men came into view, moving toward the hut.

"Sheriff Bright !" muttered a man near me.

"No matter," said Reid; "he won't interfere here."

"Ha ! what means this ?" exclaimed the leader of the newcomers, a fine, determined-looking man

"An execution by Judge Lynch, Sheriff. This man has murdered old Rube Meeker !"

"What makes you think so ?" asked Bright, curiously.

Thus questioned, Reid went on to tell how he and his companions had been out searching after a missing cow, and how they had found me under the suspicious circumstances already known.

"You have made a terrible mistake," said the Sheriff, "and, it seems, a well-nigh fatal one. There was a shooting affray at Turkey Crossing last night, and Bob Hardy was mortally wounded. Before he died he confessed that he came here yesterday, and finding old Meeker sick in his bed, he murdered him for his money."

"Possible ! wal, you see, Sheriff sarcumstances were so against this chap, we thought he must be guilty.'

"Am I free, Sheriff Bright ?" I asked.

"Certainly, sir; will you honor me by becoming my guest for a time?"

"No, I thank you ," said I.

Ten minutes later I mounted my horse and started back toward New York. If I am ever caught in Indiana again I sincerely hope Judge Lynch will succeed in hanging me—which he never will.

Working Night and Day.

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. Every pill is a sugar-coated globule of health, that changes weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, brain-fag into mental power. They're wonderful in building up the health. Only 25c per box Sold by F. Potts Green.

REAR ADMIRAL PICKING DEAD.

He Was One of the Most Distinguished Pennsylvanians in the Naval Service.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 9.—Rear Admiral Henry F. Picking, of the United States navy, dropped dead in this city Friday morning.

Admiral Picking entered the naval academy from Somerset county, Pa., and was one of the most distinguished Pennsylvanians in the naval service. At the time of his death he was commandant of the Charlestown navy yard Boston.

Red Hot from the Gun

Was the ball that hit G. B. Steadman of Newark N. J. in the Civil War. It caused horrible Ulcers that no treatment helped for 20 years. Then Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him. Cures Cuts, Bruises, Burns Boils, Felons, Corns, Skin Eruptions. Best Pile cure on earth. 25 cts a box. Cure guaranteed· Sold by F. Potts Green, Druggist.

PAID WITH A BOGUS CHECK.

Bridegroom Gave It to the Minister Who Married Him at Wilmington.

WILMINGTON, Del., Sept. 8.—Several days ago a man and a woman called upon the Rev. George C. Hall, rector of St. John's Episcopal Church, and were married by him. In payment for the service the minister was given a check for $10, drawn on the Girard Insurance Realty Trust Company, of Philadelphia.

The check was deposited for collection, but was returned with the announcement that the drawer, who gave his name as Thomas Wittell Wood, of Philadelphia, had no account with the concern. The bride gave the name of Ona Slade Hunter. also of Philadelphia.

His Life was Saved.

Mr. J. E. Lilly, a prominent citizen of Hannibal, Mo., lately had a wonderful deliverance from a frightful death. In telling of it he says: "I was taken with Typhoid Fever, that ran into Pneumonia. My lungs became hardened. I was so weak I couldn't even sit up in bed. Nothing helped me. I expected to soon die of Consumption, when I heard of Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle gave great relief. I continued to use it, and now am well and strong. I can't say too much in its praise." This marvelous medicine is the surest and quickest cure in the world for all Throat and Lung Trouble, Regular sizes 50 cents and $1.00. Trial bottles free at F. Potts Greens Drug Store; every bottle guaranteed.

NUGGETS OF NEWS.

The number of enlistments Wednesday was 344, making a total of 3,548.

Jacob Arnberg, a bricklayer, was shocked to death while at work in a trolley conduit in New York.

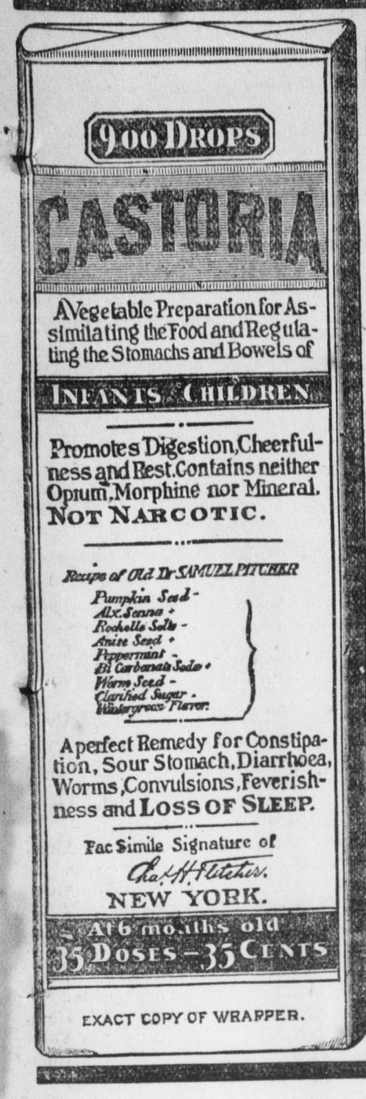
Captain Freeman and Seaman Alture, of the barge Lisgar, wrecked in Lake Huron, are the sole survivors.

The Americans at Imus are nightly annoyed by demonstrations made by the insurgents. The mayor of Imus is an active insurgent sympathizer.

During a sham "battle of San Juan" at Columbus, O., a 10-year-old spectator was killed and a soldier fatally wounded through loaded shells being mixed with blanks.

On the Sly.

On Wednesday evening Sept. 6th Grant Hoover, of Bellefonte, and Miss Annie Gray, of State College, were quietly married at the home of the bride's sister, by Rev Noble, of the M. E. church. Grant was about town until quite near the jumping off time, when all at once he suddenly disappeared. He had folded his tent like the Arab, and silently stole away. He left State College on Thursday, for a bridal tour to Niagara Falls and other points of interest, after which we suppose he will settle down here and work insurance harder than ever.


900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed -
Alx. Senna +
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed +
Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda +
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar +
Wintergreen Flavor.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Rich Gold Strike in Tennessee.

CHATTANOOGA, Sept. 7.—While digging a well on Lookout mountain G. H. Jarnagin and others discovered gold quartz in large quantities. The gold vein was struck about six miles from Chattanooga and gives evidence of being a rich one. The discovery has caused a great deal of excitement.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

COSTLY CONVERSATION.

Three Thousand Dollars for Use of a Long Distance Telephone.

A person in Brooklyn and a person in St. Louis talked to each other for about 50 hours last week over the long distance telephone. and it cost them more than $3,000. Most of this talking was done between the hours of 8 p. m. and 6 a. m., when the rate between Brooklyn and St. Louis is $5 for the first five minutes and $1 a minute for additional time.

The man in Brooklyn and his friend in St. Louis were both telephone subscribers and carried on their conversation from their own offices. Every precaution was taken in the office of the telephone company to protect the talkers from interruption.

Keep Your Youth

If you are young you naturally appear so.

If you are old, why appear so?

Keep young inwardly; we will look after the outwardly.

You need not worry longer about those little streaks of gray; advance agents of age.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

will surely restore color to gray hair; and it will also give your hair all the wealth and gloss of early life.

Do not allow the falling of your hair to threaten you longer with baldness. Do not be annoyed with dandruff.

We will send you our book on the Hair and Scalp, free upon request.

Write to the Doctor.

If you do not obtain all the benefits you expected from the use of the Vigor, write the doctor about it. Probably there is some difficulty with your general system which may be easily removed.

Address, DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

All About Eyes.

Eyes, mirror of the soul, ma y perhaps be considered more beautiful and attractive than any other feature. Dividing them into two great classes, li ht an l dark, it has been said that the dark indicate, power, the light, delicacy,

Black eyes, so called—for they are really of so deep and orange that they appear black contrasted with the white surrondng them—are tropical. Some times they seem dull and sluggish, but the forces they betoken are only slumbering, so that any chance spark may set them ablaze. With such eyes the intellect will be powerful and the passions strong.

Clear blue eyes belong to temperate regions. Other intellectual indications being equal, what they may lack in power and passion they will make up in subtlety and versatility. Hazel eyes show steadiness and power of constant affection, green, cat-like orbs, though frequently fascinating, are dangerous, for they are a sign of coquetry and deceit.

The eyes of genius are said to be of varying tints, like the sea, sometimes blue tinged with green or orange, in certain lights or when affected by emotion, deep and almost dark. There are few of the infinite varieties in tint.

It should never be forgotten that eyes are more capable of misleading than any other feature. Form and color may indicate much; the glance, steady or shifting, quick or languid, keen or soft, perhaps even more. Widely expanded eyelids see much without reflecting greatly, they live in the senses, and think little beyond the present moment. Eyelids half closing over the eyes denote less facility of impression but clearer in sight, more definite ideas, greater steadiness in action; they notice less, but think and feel intensely.

Deep set eyes with wrinkles at the outer corner show penetration and a sense of humor. Eyes set near together, especially when there are wrinkles across the nose, are a sign of cunning and meanness in small things, money matters and otherwise. Set wide apart, the character will be generous; if too wide, careless and extravagant.

The proper distance between the eye is the length of one eye.—Public Opinion.

Self-Control.

A person who is well born has a rich endowment, and he who by nature has a good degree of self-control has a legacy which many do not receive, and one that is of untold worth. There is no time or place where this quality cannot be exercised, and that to good advantage; and without it one's life, in many ways, is maimed and crippled.

In every relation, both public and private, it stands us in hand to exercise self-control, and thus avoid headaches, embarrassments, and mortifications, so often the result of a failure to weigh candidly all matters under consideration or to control self under all circumstances.

While he who inherits this boon may well be happy, none should be discouraged who have it not by nature; for it can be acquired by constant watchfulness and determination to discipline self and thus become master and not a slave. This has been done before and can be done again by all who will bravely and boldly put themselves to the task. Others whose impetuous natures have well nigh proved their ruin, have rallied, fought bravely and achieved glorious victory. Shall we not, then, one and all never rest until we have complete control of self? What this world needs and what God wants, is men and women who have minds of their own, can stickle for all that is right, and yet not be obstinately and offensively self-willed.—Ex.

WILL LIKELY FIGHT.

Boers and English cannot Apparently Come to Terms.

SITUATION IS VERY CRITICAL.

Military Train with Troops on Board Sent from Pretoria to the Natal Border with Field Guns and Ammunition.

A TERRIBLE WAR IF IT COMES.

SIMLA, September 8.—Three regiments of cavalry, four regiments of infantry and three batteries of field artillery have been formally warned to be prepared to leave their stations in India at the shortest notice for service in South Africa. The hospital outfits have received similar orders.

PRETORIA, September 7.—In the first raad to-day President Kruger said:

"The aliens have been offered equal rights with the Burghers, but have refused them. Mr. Chamberlain is striving to get the franchise, which the Outlanders do not want; but what he really desires is possession of the Transvaal. The Burghers are willing to concede much for the sake of peace, but will never sacrifice their independence."

After eulogizing Mr. Gladstone's action of retrocession in 1881 as a noble deed, President Kruger said that if it now came to fighting the Almighty would be the arbiter. He urged the members of the Raad to show moderation, reminding them that the reply from Mr. Chamberlain was en route and pointing out that if the proposal for a commission were agreed to the republic would send delegates to further discuss matters and if possible to make peace.

The speeches following the president's were moderate in tone and the Raad rose without passing any resolution.

LONDON, September 8.—The Daily Mail publishes the following from Johannesburg.

"It is reliably reported from Pretoria that a special military train with a body of armed men was dispatched to the Natal border on Tuesday night with an equipment of several heavy field guns and a quantity of ammunition.

Baron Henry Brougham Loch, former governor of Cape Colony and high commissioner to South Africa spoke last evening at a farewell banquet given to the Australian cricketers said:

"War in South Africa would be very terrible, but if the question of control is raised, it will be impossible for us to relax."

Lord Loch expressed the opinion that despite the bad effect produced by the Jameson raid, the great majority of the Dutch in Cape Colony could be relied upon.

His speech ended amid a scene of extraordinary enthusiasm.

The Johannesburg correspondent of the times says:

As showing the mental attitude of the Boers, I quote the remark of an influential government official, supposed to be an enlightened man, whose name, if disclosed, would cause surprise. "Don't worry" he said, "We've licked the English twice already and we will give them such a flogging this time as they never got."

BISHOP MUST PAY WAR TAX.

Transfer of Church Property in the Harrisburg See Comes Under Revenue Law.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.—Acting Commissioner Williams, of the Internal Revenue Bureau, has rendered an important decision on the question of the taxation under the war revenue act of a deed of conveyance of church property executed by the executors of a Roman Catholic Bishop to his successor.

The acting Commissioner held that such deed was taxable. The question arose in the case of the Right Rev. Bishop McGovern, of Harrisburg, Pa., who willed the property to his executors, and they in turn conveyed it to his successor. Right Rev. J. F. Shanahan, the present Bishop of the diocese of Harrisburg.

It was contended in opposition to the tax that the Bishop holds the title to the property in trust, and that he has no personal interest or estate therein. It is held, however, that the deed full vests title, and under the law the succeeding Bishop is a purchaser, although he does not pay any consideration for the conveyance. A stamp tax of $1 per $1,000 of value will be required.

No Right To Ugliness.

The woman who is lovely in face, form and temper will always have friends, but one who would be attractive must keep her health. If she is weak, sickly and all run down, she will be nervous and irritable. If she has constipation or kidney trouble, her impure blood will cause pimples, blotches, skin eruptions and a wretched complexion. Electric Bitters is the best mediccine in the world to regulate stomach, liver and kidneys and to purify the blood. It gives strong nerves, bright eyes, smooth, velvety skin, rich complexion. It will make a good-looking, charming woman of a run-down invalid. Only 50 cents at F. Potts Greene's Drug Store.

Now and again you see two women passing down the street who look like sisters. You are astonished to learn that

they are mother and daughter, and you realize that a woman at forty or forty-five ought to be at her finest and fairest. Why isn't it so?

The general health of woman is so intimately associated with the local health of the essentially feminine organs that there can be no rich cheek and round form where there are debilitating drains, and female weakness. Women who have suffered from these troubles have found prompt relief and cure in the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It gives vigor and vitality to the organs of womanhood. It clears the complexion, brightens the eyes and reddens the cheeks.

No alcohol, opium or other narcotic is contained in "Favorite Prescription."

Any sick woman may consult Doctor Pierce by letter, free. Every letter is held as sacredly confidential, and answered in a plain envelope. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

"I commenced to take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription," writes Mrs. Martha E. Barham, of Newville, Prince George Co., Va., "in June, 1897, also his 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and I cannot express the benefit I have received from these medicines. I was suffering with what the doctors called chronic indigestion, torpid liver and vertigo. I also suffered with female weakness. The doctor did not do me any good, so I wrote to you for advice. When I commenced to use the medicines I weighed only 112 pounds, now I weigh 140 pounds."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets regulate the liver.

NUGGETS OF NEWS.

The contributions to the Dewey home fund to date amount to $23,700.

The number of enlistments Monday was 291, making a total of 2,893 for the last call for volunteers.

Captain Henry, of the American ship Wakefield, was murdered by his mate near Port Stanley, Falkland islands.

The Thirty-third regiment of volunteers has been ordered from Fort Sam Houston, Texas, to San Francisco, whence it will go to the Philippines.

The colored population of Cuba demands a share in the spoils of war in the event of independence, on the ground that they did most of the fighting.

A silk ribbon trust has been organized, with $30,000,000 capital.

England has a phenomenal new artillery gun that shoots over fifteen miles

Mrs. M. J. Cusack of Atchison, Kansas, has expressed to Miss Helen Gould a hat which she has made of nothing but corn. The flowers which adorn it are of corn husk and are as handsome as can be made from any other material. Mrs. Cusack is noted as a corn milliner. Two years ago she trimmed a hat with corn husks and sent it to Mrs. McKinley. It attracted much attention at the White House. She is at present trimming a corn bonnet for Queen Victoria.

A Berlin cable says that the Baldwin locomotive works, of Philadelphia, have secured a contract to supply twenty compound locomotives that are required by the Saxon state railway administration. The price is 54,760 marks for each engine. A Breslau firm made a tender of 54,540 marks but required a much longer time for the delivery of the locomotives.

The third artist engaged in the preliminaries for the Dewey reception has succumbed to overwork. Frank E. Crane, the well known decorator, was found dead in bed Wednesday. He was 43 years old.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

QUEER TURTLE, THIS.

Has a Rubber Blanket Cover and Web Feet.

BURLINGTON, N. J., Sept. 7.—Burlington has produced many freaks, but a turtle which was captured here yesterday has never been matched. While fishing for carp in the Assiscunk Creek, Neff Perkins captured the amphibian which has the form and shape of a turtle, but instead of a hard shell, such as turtles have, it is covered with a pliable substance not unlike a rubber blanket. Instead of flippers it has a web foot like a frog, with protruding claws. It has a head like a bird and the nose and mouth are like those of a mole. The nostrils are so fine that it would be almost impossible to get a fine cambric needle up them.

No one around this place has ever before seen such an animal, and it has been viewed by hundreds of people.

It is believed that the turtle is a monstrosity of some sort, and it probably will be sent to the Academy of Natural Sciences at Philadelphia, for classification.

Sun's Glare Causes Suit.

WILLIAMSPORT, Sept. 7.—John Coleman, William A. Weaver and Joseph R. Gallagher, of this city, have presented to Judge Metzger a bill in equity asking that Daniel E. Gorman, a florist of this city, be compelled to remove his greenhouses, which are located on High Street.

The petition sets forth that the greenhouses are built of glass and are set at such an angle that the rooms in the front part of the petitioners' houses with the porches and verandas are uninhabitable because of the glare of the sun which the glass reflects,

EMPEROR WILLIAM.

On His Word Hangs the Fate of Captain Dreyfus.

IS ARBITER OF PEACE IN FRANCE

Whatever He May Do in the Matter, His Course Is Very Likely to Be Followed by King Humbert, of Italy.

SOME EXCITING SCENES IN COURT

RENNES, September 7.—The salvation of Captain Dreyfus hangs on a word from Emperor William. This was the general opinion here last night. If the kaiser consents to allow Colonel Schwartzkoppen, the German military attache in Paris in 1894, to testify before the court martial or to send a deposition, or, what is considered still more probable, to allow his deposition to be accompanied by the actual documents mentioned in the bordereau, then Dreyfus is saved. If the emperor, however, decides that it is not in the interest of Germany for Colonel Schwartzkoppen to intervene, then the Dreyfus case is hopeless and his condemnation.

Last night the eyes of France were looking across the frontier to Stuttgart, where the kaiser is staying and anxiously awaiting his decision. He is in the position of a spectator, of a gladiatorial combat in the coliseum in ancient Rome, with Dreyfus lying at the foot of his antagonist and watching whether the emperor points his thumb up or down. At a late hour last evening he had given no sign either way and Frenchmen are awaiting with breathless interest the first indication of his will.

To all intents and purposes Emperor William stands to-day the arbiter of the internal peace of France, for every one anticipates that King Humbert will follow his lead. This is probably the explanation of the delay. Emperor William has gone to Wurtemburg from Alsace Lorraine, and King Humbert is at Turin. Communication between the two monarchs is, therefore, somewhat complicated, and, as they will undoubtedly agree upon identical measures in replying to M. Labori's appeal, it is possible that several days will elapse before their decision is known.

The opinion generally held there is that Emperor William and King Humbert will allow Colonel Schartzkoppen and Colonel Panizzardi to be examined by a regatory commission and their depositions to be sent to Rennes with supplementary evidence from the original nals of Esterhazy's treasonable communications.

Wednesday's public proceedings were marked by three important episodes. The first was General Zurlidden's admission that the erasure and restitution of Esterhazy's name in the Petit Bleu could not have been perpetrated by Colonel Picquart and therefore must be attributed to some one inside the general staff. The second was the declaration by M. Paleologue that the secret dossier contained a document which showed that Colonel Schwartzkoppen admitted his relations with Esterhazy and that Schwartzkoppen, in the interest Paleologue, sent to Esterhazy the identical Petit Bleu, for which Colonel Picquart was detained ten months on a charge of forgery. The third was General Billot's insinuation that Esterhazy and Captain Dreyfus were accomplices, which led to an impassioned protestation on the part of the accused led to a thrilling scene between M. Labori and Colonel Jouaust, resulting in the advocate's excited denunciation of Colonel Jouaust's treatment of him, a denunciation tantamount to an accusation of open partiality.

Gen. Zurlinden's admission that Col. Picquart could not have perpetrated the erasure in the Petit Bleu was a startling incident. Because, although he declared that the matter formed only a small point in the prosecution of Picquart, and that, so far as he was concerned, the proceedings were only instituted in order not to allow a French officer to lie beneath the blow of the charges brought against him by Major Lauth, yet the fact that Colonel Picquart languished ten months in prison under these unproven accusations cannot be regarded as otherwise than as a blot upon the reputation of Gen. Zurlinden and still more of the general staff.

Then the statement by M. Paleologue that Colonel Schwartzkoppen had admitted that it was almost certain that the Petit Bleu was sent by him or caused to be sent by him to Esterhazy, caused a sensation, as being the first official testimony to the treason of Esterhazy. And it was certainly a strong point in favor of Dreyfus, the importance of which was immediately seen by the prosecution.

A parcels post convention has been concluded between Germany and the United States, under which after October first, next, packages of merchandise, not exceeding 11 pounds in weight can be mailed from one country to the other. This extension of the postal service will be of great utility, and will largely increase American export trade in many lines.

M[illegible] storm the 27th [illegible] reach the P[illegible] cross the west [illegible] of the 2nd, great [illegible] eastern states 6.

Warm wave will cross [illegible] ies country about September 1, [illegible] tral valleys 3d, eastern states 5th. [illegible] wave will cross the west of Rockies c[illegible] try about September 4, great central [illegible] leys 6th eastern states 8th.

The temperature of the week ending 8 a. m. September 11 will average above normal in the great central valleys and below near the Atlantic and Pacific coast. Rainfalls for the same period will be below normal in the great central valleys and above normal on the Pacific slope and Atlantic coast.

The cool wave predicted to reach the 90th meridian, moving eastward, about August 14, was there on time; the change was great and notable throughout the country west of the Rockies.

On account of the large quantities of late corn September weather will have much to do in determining the final result of this year's production. Frosts often occur in the corn belt near the middle of September, and sometimes earlier in the month, and such a frost this year would immensely damage the corn crop.

Many will expect frost about September 12 to 15 this year, and if the frost does not come before September 26 to 28 it will make a difference of millions of bushels.

A cool wave will reach meridian 90, moving eastward, not far from September 15, and the temperature in northern parts of the corn belt will go down to near the frost line. Only a little damage may be expected at that time.

September will be a warm month as an average, but a great fall will occur between the 9th and 28th. The month will come in cool with rising temperature. A high wave will reach meridian 90 near the 9th, and then begin a general decline, fluctuating but falling relative to the normal.

First week in the month will have indications of drought, but showers will be the rule after the first ten days have passed.

The most severe storms of September will occur near the 9th on meridian 90, a little earlier west of that line, later east

Decrease in Prison Population.

Warden Edward Wright, of the Western penitentiary, announced the remarkable fact on Monday that there are 380 empty cells in that institution and only 824 prisoners yet under detention. Of this number but twenty-one are women, in the Eastern penitentiary there are 730 and 1,300 convicts now incarcerated.

The falling off in prison population at the western end of the state is said by Warden Wright to be due to the custom, until recent years, of allowing officers mileage and per diem expenses for making arrests for felonies and misdemeanors. Under recent decisions of some of the courts, all expenses at times of trial incurred by any officer have to de borne by the individual himself. Consequently many arrests now made are disposed of by summary conviction at the hearing, and the accused sent for a short time to jail or the workhouse. The aim of the prosecuting officers seems to be to avoid court and jury and consequent personal expenditures, for which they are never reimbursed by the county.

Game Seasons.

The following are the seasons during which it is lawful to kill game in Pennsylvania:

Deer—During the month of Nov. only.
Wild turkey—Oct. 15th to Dec. 15th.
Pheasants or grouse—Oct. 15 to Dec. 15.
Quail—Oct. 15th to Dec. 15th.
Squirrels—Oct. 15th to Dec. 15th.
Rabbits—Nov. 1st to Dec. 15th.
Wood cock—The month of July and October 15th to Dec. 15th.

Penalty for killing deer out of season or with dogs, $100, or one hundred days in jail. Penalty for killing wild turkeys, pheasants and quail $25, or twenty-five days in jail. Penalty for killing rabbits or squirrels out of season $10, or ten days in jail. The law prohibits the killing of more than two deer in one season by any one person, and the killing of more than two wild turkeys, ten pheasants or fifteen quail or wood-cock in one day by any one person. The sale of deer, wild turkeys, or game of any kind prohibited under penalty of $100.

Every person interested in our game laws should cut this out and paste in hat or scrap book.

Condition of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.—Wednesday's statement of the condition of the Treasury shows: Available cash balance, $279,971,001; gold reserve, $249,246,254, net silver, $3,914,298; United States notes in Treasury, $16,928,643; Treasury notes of 1890, $930,061; total receipts this day, $2,953,851; total receipts this month. $6,311,674; total receipts this year, $104,344,105; total expenditures this day, $2,272,000 total expenditures this month, $6,228,000, total expenditures this year, $108,311,402; deposits in national banks, $82,646,954; silver bullion, $724,612.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

...estion
...by the
...upon but one
...e use of pale

...HARRIS.

...Department.

...ummer is on its last legs.

The days are growing shorter.

—The next holiday is Thanksgiving day.

—Base ball must give place to foot ball.

—The season of pleasant liking is at hand.

—A telephone line has been completed to Woodward.

—The young ladies of Bellefonte gave a return ball in the armory last Friday evening.

—A little life may be sacrificed to a sudden attack of croup if you don't have Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil on hand for the emergency.

—Mrs. Al. Heverly presented her husband with a bouncing baby girl last Friday afternoon. Congratulations are now in order.

—The assessor's return for the West ward alone shows thirty new voters on the list there. This speaks well for McKinley prosperity.

—The Centre County Medical Association held its monthly session in the Arbitration room of the Court House Tuesday morning.

—Mrs. F. M. Barnes, who has been visiting friends in Bellefonte for the past several weeks, departed for her home in Washington Wednesday morning.

—Don't delay a minute. Cholera infantum, dysentery, diarrhœa comes suddenly. Only safe plan is to have Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry always on hand.

—The Bellefonte Club are moving their furniture from the old Hoy property on High street, which residence is to be occupied by the Pearl sisters.

—Lewis B. Blair, son of Supt. S. S. Blair of the Tyrone division, was married on Monday, Sept. 5, to Miss Mary E. Guyer, daughter of Frank Guyer, of Tyrone.

—Scratch, scratch, scratch; unable to attend to business during the day or sleep during the night. Itching piles, horrible plague. Doan's Ointment cures. Never fails. At any drug store, 50 cents.

—The katydids have begun their monotonous song, and according to the old saying Jack Frost will begin cutting up his pranks within six weeks thereafter. Crickets too, are now sending forth their music nightly, and the monotonous wail of the insect tribe in general indicates an early autumn.

—On next Sunday there will be special services held in the Reformed church at this place. The morning service will be a Harvest Home service. The pastor, Rev. T. Levan Bickle will have charge and Miss Emily Alexander, of Centre Hall, a graduate of the Boston conservatory of Music will sing both morning and evening.

—Mrs. W. E. Green will give a concert for the benefit of the A. M. E., church Thursday evening, September 21st, consisting of drills, elocution and singing. She will be assisted by the pastors wife, Mrs. W. N. Woodson. Mrs. W. E. Green will preside at the organ. Concert will be held at the A. M. E. church on St. Paul street. Admission 10 and 15 cents.

—John McCoy, son of Frank McCoy, of Bellefonte, while driving past the store of Archy Allison, on High street opposite the Bush house Saturday was taken ill and fell from his buggy upon a pile of terra cotta pipe in front of the store. He was assisted into the store by friends. He soon recovered and was accompanied home by John C. Miller.

—Adam B. Rishel, a respected citizen of Boalsburg, died at his home in that place Thursday of dropsy. He was aged 68 years, 1 month and 12 days. He was a life long member of the Lutheran church. He leaves a wife and four children to mourn his loss. The funeral occurred Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. Interment in the Union cemetery at Boalsburg.

—Push along the State College Foot Ball club by accompanying "The Wedding March" company to the College on Friday afternoon. Special train will make the run. The admirers of the College Foot Ball club, not to mention the Dramatic company, should overflow the train.

—Montgomery & Co., are the leading clothiers of this section of the county. Their ready made clothing is the best, the cheapest, the latest in cut and finish. If you cannot find what you need in the clothing and gents furnishing line at Montgomery's you cannot get it in town. There is no need to look elsewhere. Montgomery's keep everything men and boys wear and lots that women and girls require. They sell at the bottom price and guarantee satisfaction. For your fall and winter wearing apparel go of Montgomery & Company.

THE Saratoga Conference of Anti-Bryan people is destined to accentuate the divisions in the Democratic ranks, even though it fails to accomplish the result aimed at by its projectors.

CORRESPONDENCE

SPRING MILLS ITEMS

Floyd Bowersox and family, spent Sunday with his parents at Wolf's store.

Mrs. Stover is on the sick list.

Mrs. Rossman came suddenly in contact with the cellar steps, and in consequence a cloth adorned her forehead for a day or two. Glad to see her able to wait on customers again.

We don't know if "Skip" and "Billy" are stuck up but they certainly were in the sticking business last week. (Mending grain sacks.)

Edward Ruhl contemplates opening an ice cream, oyster, fruit, confectionery, etc., saloon in the near future.

Veterans James Kennelley, J. D. Long and Chas. Madara, attended the G. A. R., encampment at Philadelphia last week.

Among our young men who have gone and those who are going to attend this winters session at their respective colleges are M. B. Runkle, Chas. Allison, Merril Allison, Ward Gramley, Robert Homan and Robt. Van Valzah.

Chas, McKinney is circulating among old friends in this locality. 'Tis many years since he left this vicinity to locate in Chicago and it was quite a surprise to see him.

Edward Nearhood and family, of Centre Hall spent Sunday with T. M. Gramley.

Josh Armstrong says he likes his new cook first rate except she don't wash the dishes.

Messrs. Rhone and Snyder tandemed to our town on Sunday from State College.

Saturday night somebody appropriated Harry Sweetwood's wheel, but left it near the mill, Monday.

Our merchant G. H. Long; stock raisers, Shook Bros.; and furniture dealers Smith Bros. anticipate exhibiting at Grange Picnic.

MILLHEIM ITEMS.

Andrew and Jas. Ruhl, both of Lewisburg, were in this locality distributing literature for the Union county fair.

Noah F. Cronmiller, of Aaronsburg, was seen on our streets, looking very much improved in health.

Danny Zeigler, of Centre Hall, is on a few days visit to his family on Penn street.

J. A. Brown, of Toledo, O., is visiting his brother Henry on Main street, Mr. Brown is a veteran of the civil war, and is now a traveling salesman for gum packing and gossamer goods.

The base ball game last Saturday between Loganton and Millheim at the latter place, in the Gephart field near town was witnessed by a large crowd. The game was hotly contested, and resulted in favor of Millheim 14 to 6. T. J. Smull, Jr., of Mackeyville, quite a celebrated player was catcher for the Loganton team.

Lieut. Jerry Jones, a former citizen of Brush Valley, now of Kansas, was in town a few days ago looking up his friends and old comrades. He was a member of Co. A, 148th P. V. Mr. Jones left this county in 1888, to make his home in Kansas.

Warren Swanger left on Monday to attend college at Lebanon, to learn short hand, typewriting and telegraphy. This young man has a bright future, is very studious, and he will make his mark if he lives.

Quite a number of people passed up North street last Sunday on their way to a bush meeting held in Brush Valley above Madisonburg.

Jolly Joe D. Winters of New Berlin, came to town on Monday morning's train and interviewed the trade here and vicinity.

Rev. C. T. Aikens, of Pine Grove Mills, had business before the Building and Loan Association last Monday evening. The Rev. is a very companionable gentleman.

Samuel Barnitz the candy man of York, Pa., was in town this week.

Oliver Gramley and family of Cedarville, Ill., who have been visiting in this locality for several months left this week for Dauphin and Lebanon counties.

Chas. Stam, of Kansas, brother of the late Wm. Stam visited here for a day or two.

Millheim B & L. As. met in regular meeting last Monday evening with a full attendance of directors.

Wildun Scott, of Milton, the cigar and tobacco salesman is in town this week.

Chas. McKinney, of St. Louis, a former citizen of Gregg township, visited his play mate John P. Condo on Monday. Mr. McKinney left Centre county twenty-two years ago.

The cases of diptheria in this borough are all convalescent, and the Board of Health have removed the quarantine. But one death resulted from this disease. The precautions were taken in good time.

On last Sunday morning "Jack Frost," in some places in the borough, made his appearance.

R. B. Hartman one of our oldest and most respected citizens has been sick for some time. He is about 80 years old.

Ask Henry Swartz, who lives near town, what he knows about wild turkeys, where they can be found, and who finds them. He will tell you all about it, no doubt.

As Wm. Witman of near Hublersburg, was driving down the hill, at Wm. Weiser's blacksmith shop in this borough on last Monday morning about 4 o'clock, the hold backs broke and the horse ran away and at Musser's hotel the horse fell down and broke the shafts and became entangled in the harness, and help was required to extricate the horse. Mr. Witman was considerably shaken up and somewhat bruised, but no bones were broken.

AARONSBURG ITEMS.

Our farmers are about through with their fall seeding; cutting of corn is next on the program.

Our boardwalks on West Main street are in a very bad condition. Property owners should repair the walks in front of their dwellings before our schools begin.

Edward Frank, of South Dakota, is at present visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Frank, on North Second street. Edward is engaged in the mercantile business in South Dakota.

Our butchers seem to do a fair business; they have two wagons on the road three days in the week.

Wm. Oliver, of Illinois, is visiting his old friends and acquaintances in and about Aaronsburg. This is Mr. Oliver's first visit east since he left 32 years ago.

Our townsman, Mr. L. E. Stover, sold two Jersey cows for $90. Luther usually keeps pretty fine stock.

Frank Tomlinson, of Clearfield, was seen in our burg for a few days last week. He was the guest of his father-in-law, Mr. Noah Leitzel, on North Second street. Frank says he intends to start a bakery in the town of Clearfield.

Mrs. James E. Lenker and her little son Jesse, of Lemont, were guests at the residence of the lady's mother-in-law, Mrs. Lovina Lenker, last week.

Rev. F. W. Brown, of this place, paid a visit to the venerable James Evans at Spring Mills. The old gentleman had two paralytic strokes. Mr. Evans is 87 years of age.

Henry Detwiler, of Rebersburg, was seen on our streets on last Tuesday. Henry intends to teach a term of school at Madisonburg this coming winter. The gentleman was formerly a resident of this place.

REBERSBURG RUMBLINGS.

H. H. Miller, has greatly improved his house by painting it, and erecting a new porch.

Mr. Tolbert has accepted a position in the Coburn creamery. O. F. Stoner takes his place in the skimming station.

J. B. Kreamer has erected the finest monument in the Union Cemetery.

Quite a number of our young men and their girls took in the Bush meeting on Sunday.

Nearly all our farmers are through seeding and are busy cutting corn.

Floyd Bowersox and family spent Sunday with his parents, Nathaniel Bowersox.

Jery Jones, formerly of Livonia, now of Kansas, is visiting friends and relatives in this valley.

Curtis Bierly will attend Lock Haven Normal this Fall and Winter terms.

J. R. Brumgart took in the Encampment at Philadelphia last week.

One of the nicest homes in town since finished is that of Postmaster W. S. Miller. Both the architecture and painting of the same are simply fine. We wish to congratulate Willis Leitzell for his excellent work in putting the finishing touches on this property, as his work is commendable. On the inside as well as the outside. Mr. Leitzell fully demonstrated that he is an artist of no mean ability and we cheerfully recommend him to those who are in need of a first-class mechanic. They will find in him a fast, up to-date workman, who will take pains to give you a job that will please you. If you doubt this statement give him a trial.

Old Time Concert.

Elaborate preparations are in progress for the Old Time Concert to be held on next Saturday evening, at the residence of Hon. P. Gray Meek, by the ladies of the *W.* C. T. U. Quaint and comely costumes of *ye olden time* will be worn by the participants. A choice and appropriate program has been arranged and will be executed in the best and most pleasing style. Everybody is cordially invited to attend the concert and lend a helping hand to a worthy cause. The price of admission is but 25c. The proceeds of the entertainment will be devoted to the W. C. T. U., Piano Fund. Now don't forget the date and place. Saturday evening, September 16th at the home of Hon. P. Gray Meek, on *West* High St.

Hoyt's "a Bunch of Keys."

Merriment will reign supreme at Garman,s Opera house Sep. 19th when Gus Bothner's comedians will present Hoyt's "A Bunch of Keys" singing, dancing and specialties that are said to be absolutely new, a bevy of pretty girls for no Hoyt show is complete without them—elaborate and fetching costumes, handsome scenery and the strongest possible cast including Carlotta, James F. Carrol, John Marr, Wm. Smith, Wm. Gardner, the Acme Quartette and a bunch of beauty and fine singers. Ridiculously funny situations and bright crisp, witty, dialogue are the principle features that go to make up this notable entertainment.

—Register Geo. W. Rumbarger, of Bellefonte, transacted business in Philipsburg Monday.

—Mr. and Mrs. G. Willard Hall, of this place, departed Wednesday on a visit to friends at Williamsport and Muncy.

—The Morris lime kilns at Salona have been purchased by the Bellefonte Furnace company. The company took possession Wednesday.

—A freight wreck occurred on the Central railroad of Pennsylvania at Clintondale Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Brown's siding was torn out and traffic was not resumed until Tuesday morning.

—A Mission by the Ascension Fathers of Philadelphia will open in St. John's Catholic church at this place Sunday September 24th and will continue for an indefinite period. The public is cordially invited to these meetings.

—Since the big rush to the Grand Army encampment is over, the Pennsylvania railroad officials are figuring up how many people were carried over the company's roads into Philadelphia. A prominent official has given out the following figures concerning the number of people who arrived in Philadelphia over the Pennsylvania railroad since last Friday: Saturday, 67,000; Sunday, 65,000, Monday, 80,000; total, 202,000. The number of people carried Tuesday is estimated at 55,000.

PERSONAL PENCILINGS.

Dr. Christ, of Lemont transacted business in town Wednesday.

Miss Lottie E. Clark, of Lock Haven, is visiting friends at Bellefonte and Milesburg.

Mr, and Mrs. James H. Harris returned on Thursday evening from the Seashore.

Miss Virginia Bouse, of Tyrone, is visiting her friend Miss Lorene Mattern, at Milesburg.

Misses Katherine and Edith Dale, of Lemont, spent last week visiting friends at Philipsburg.

Miss Emma Knabb, of Philadelphia, is visiting at the home of Dr. W. A. Stephens, on East Linn street.

Col. J. L. Spangler, arrived at home from Philadelphia, Saturday, to spend Sunday with his family.

Ex-Sheriff John P. Condo, one of Millheim's leading business men was a Bellefonte visitor Thursday.

Miss Margaret Potter returned Thursday morning, after a very enjoyable visit to friends at Chicago, Ill.

Col. George A. Bayard returned on Friday evening from the Soldiers' Encampment at Philadelphia.

H. B. Pontius arrived home Thursday from Philadelphia, where he attended the G. A. R., encampment.

A. G. Morris, of Tyrone, spent Thursday, in town looking after his extensive business interests in this locality.

Miss Ruth Kennedy, of State College, spent last week as the guest of her cousin, Miss Maud Houser on Bishop street.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hillibish, of Canton, Ohio, last week visited Mr. Hillibish's sister, Miss Martha on Water steet.

Frank Lingle, formerly of Bellefonte, now of Patton, Pa., went to Philipsburg last Saturday on a short visit to friends.

Leonard Haus, of Philadelphia, spent last week as a guest at the pleasant home of G. R. Spigelmyer on Howard street.

Miss Sara B. Hagerman, of East Linn street, is visiting at the home of Mrs. A. V. Williams, Editor of the Philipsburg *Ledger* at Phillipsburg.

Misses Elizabeth and Mary Fryberger, have returned to their home at Philipsburg, after visiting friends in this place and Williamsport.

Mr. William McCalmont who recently resigned his position at Green's Drug Store, spent several days last week with his parents at State College.

W. R. Teller, of Washington City, D. C., former proprietor of the Bush House at this place, was an arrival in Bellefonte Thursday morning.

Miss Ida Orris, the efficient stenographer in Judge Furst's office, returned home from a two weeks' vacation with friends in Ridgway and Punxsutawney.

Wash Rees and his two sons, William and Fred; left Monday evening for a weeks visit in Philadelphia. During Mr Rees' absence his store will be in charge of Mr. Charles Longacre.

Alfred A. Hassinger, returned Thursday evening, from Philadelphia, where he had been to join his comrades who with him had borne the brunt of the battles of thirty-five years ago.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Jenkins of Vermont, have arrived in town. Mr Jenkins, has accept the position as manager, of the Standard Scale works. They will occupy the Irvin property on High street.

Mr. John J. Bayard, contracting freight agent for the Chicago Milwaukee and St. Paul R. R. of the Pittsburg Division, spent Sunday with his parents, Col. and Mrs. George A. Bayard on Spring street.

Miss Estelle Zerbee, one of Lock Haven's bright and interesting young ladies, spent Wednesday afternoon with Miss Sabra Campbell. Miss Campbell accompanied her home on the 8:31 train.

Miss Jennie Mitchell, a teacher in the schools af Philipsburg, eighth grade, has resigned her position to accept a better one in the public schools of Braddock. She left for her new position last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Beck, of Harrisburg, accompanied by their daughter, Mrs. Funk, of Huntingdon, are visiting at the home of C. T. Gerberich, on Thomas street. Mr. Beck is a brother of Mrs. Gerberich.

Mrs. W. A. Stephens, wife of Dr. Stephens, pastor of the M. E. church, is entertaining at her home on East Linn street, her sister, Mrs. E. M. Simonson and her niece, Miss Annie Africa, both of Huntingdon, Pa.

Michael May, son of ex-Sheriff D. M. May, of Renovo, who was recently appointed by Hon. W. C. Heinle to a senatorial scholarship at state College, left Monday for that institution.—Lock Haven Democrat.

Mrs. J. H. Bauland, (nee Miss Rosa Grauer) accompanied by her daughter, returned Saturday morning to her home in New York City, after a very pleasant visit at the home of her brother, Mr. William Grauer, on South Spring street.

Prof. A. C. Thompson and wife, of Philipsburg, returned from their bridal tour Tuesday evening. In about two weeks they will go to Snow Shoe, which place they will make their future home. Mr. Thompson is principal of the schools at that place.

Woods Sebring, an old Bellefonte boy, arrived in Bellefonte Tuesday evening from Savannah, Ga., and is the guest of his brother, Dr. John Sebring of South Spring street. Woods was for several years in the employ of F. Potts Green at this place. He now holds a good position in the large drug store of Rowlinski & Co., at Savannah.

Miss Sue Frazier, daughter of the late Hon. Ray Frazier, of Lancaster, who was generally known throughout the state as the great "War Horse" of the *Democracy* of *Pennsylvania*, and member of congress, with Mrs. Mary Morris her cousin, daughter of the late Gen. Frank Steele of Philadelphia, arrived at the Bush House, Thursday afternoon. They were out driving on Friday with Mr. and Mrs. Fred Reynolds, and took luncheon with Mr. William Humes and his sister Miss Mira, at their beautiful home an Allegheny St. at one o'clock, leaving for Lancaster Via. of Montandon, on 2:15 train.

Col. Edward J. Pruner, of Tyrone, spent Sunday in Bellefonte.

Euni Joseph left Saturday afternoon on a business trip to New York city.

Mr. Robert Cox, of Altoona, spent Sunday in Bellefonte as the guest of his friend Miss Jennie Koontz.

Mrs. C. C. Miller and son, of Lock Haven, are visiting at the home of Mr. J. C. Miller on Potter street.

Miss Louise Bush Calloway left Monday for New York to enter the Gardner school on Fifth avenue as a student.

Miss Carrie Bayard returned home Monday evening from an extended visit to Pittsburg, Pa and Canton, Ohio.

James E. Scott, formerly foreman in this office, left Monday for Alliance, Ohio, where he will make his future home.

Mrs. J. D. Hall returned home Monday evening from a four weeks visit to Atlantic City, Philadelphia, Sunbury and Williamsport.

Miss Edith Cook, of Philadelphia, is visiting friends in this place. Miss Cook is a daughter of John W. Cook and formerly resided in Bellefonte.

Misses Emma and Mabel Holmes returned to their home at State College Tuesday, after a pleasant visit with their sister, Mrs. Al. Deal, of South Thomas St.

Mr. Edward Haupt returned home recently from a four months trip through New York and the New England States. He reports having had a most enjoyable trip.

Mr. James L. Rote and family, who left here last spring and located at Punxsutawney, have tired of that place and have moved back to their old home in Coleville.

Harry Taylor and wife of Bellwood, arrived in Bellefonte Saturday. Mr. Taylor only spent Sunday in town while his wife will remain for several days visiting friends,

C. T. Gerberich and his head miller, H. J. Hartranft, are spending this week in Chambersburg attending the annual State convention of the Pennsylvania Miller's Association.

Mr. James Bell, of Hollidaysburg, left for home Monday afternoon after a visit to his sister, Miss Bella Bell, who is very ill at the home of Charles McClellan on East Lamb street.

Mr. Will J. Thompson, of Prairie Home, Ill., tarried in Bellefonte over Sunday while on his way home from attending the G. A. R. encampment at Philadelphia. He is a cousin of Mrs. Charles Tripple, of this place.

Mr. James Lipton, of Atchison, Kansas, is visiting friends in Bellefonte. Mr. Lipton at one time was Prothonotary of Centre county. He is now running a large hotel and what is more, it is a temperance house, and it pays.

Alfred Brisbin, nephew of Col. J. L. Spangler, arrived home Saturday from Annapolis where he is attending the United States Naval Academy. This is his first vacation and he had just returned from an extended cruise on the training ship Monongahela.

Charles Nathfay, a full-blooded Apache Indian, was enlisted in the volunteer army for service in the Philippines, at Altoona, last Thursday, by Capt, Fair, the recruiting officer at that place. Mr. Nathfay's father, served as a scout under Gen. Crook. It was through the general that Charley, was sent east to be educated at Carlisle Indian school.

Mr. W. H. Tompkins a veteran of the Civil war and Superintendant of the Rail Road shops at Lima Ohio, is visiting with his wife, at the home of his sister Mrs. H. H. Harshberger, North Penn Street for a few days. Mr. Tompkins was a member of the 19th, Pa, Cavalry, and was a mere stripling when he enlisted in the early sixties.

Miss Lillian Peters, of Harrisburg, is the guest of friends in this place.

W. Harrison Walker Esq., left Tuesday evening on a business trip to Philadelphia. He will be gone several days.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Harrison and two children, of Philadelphia, are visiting his mother, Mrs. Mary Harrison, of Pleasant Gap.

Mr. Fred Dale, of Lemont, who is a student in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, spent Wednesday in Bellefonte.

Dr. Humes Roberts, of Pasadena, Cal., arrived in Bellefonte Wednesday and is a guest at the home of Archie Allison on North Allegheny street.

Former Attorney General, H. C. McCormick and Senator J. Henry Cochran, both of Williamsport, were arrivals at the Hastings home Wednesday.

Miss Henrietta Butts returned home Monday evening from an extended visit to her brother Mr. Walter Butts of Windbers, Somersett, county, Pa.

Frank W. Cole, who has been spending the last few weeks at his home in this place, left Tuesday for Alleghany City where he is employed in a large plumbing establishment.

Major William Henry Hastings arrived in Bellefonte last Thursday morning direct from Paris and registered at the Brockerhoff House under an assumed name. He is the erratic brother of our esteemed fellow townsman, ex-Gov. D. H. Hastings. Friday morning Detectives Thomas Beckwith and E. Wm. Hutz, of Philadelphia, arrived in town and placed the Major under arrest and took him to Philadelphia on an afternoon train to answer several severe charges which are pending against him.

Announcement.

To accommodate those who are partial to the use of atomizers in applying liquids into the nasal passages for *catarrhal troubles*, the proprietors prepare Cream Balm in liquid form, which will be known as Ely's Liquid Cream Balm. Price including the spraying tube is 75 cts. Druggists or by mail. The liquid form embodies the medicinal properties of the solid preparation. Cream Balm is quickly absorbed by membrane and does not dry up these secretions but changes them to a natural and healthy character. Ely Brothers 56 Warren St., N. Y.

—It's hard to settle down after a summers tour and harder to settle up.

THE ALUM BAKING POWDERS.

Names of some of the Principal Brands Sold in this Vicinity.

The recent discussion in the papers of the effect upon the human system of food made with alum baking powders and the opinions that have been published from noted scientists to the effect that such powers render the food unwholesome, leading to graye disorders of the stomach liver and heart, have caused numerous inquiries for the the names of the various a um powders.

In Ohio, New Jersey, Minnesota and Wisconsin of such inportance do the food authorities deem the matter that the names of the alum powders are officially made public, and the legislatures of the latter two states have provided that there shall be printed upon the labels of all packages of this class of powders the statement that they contain alum.

Information as to the list here given has been obtained from the official reports of the Ohio and New Jersey Food Commissions, from the Agricultural Department chemist at *Washington*, and from other equally reliable authority.

BAKING POWDERS CONTAINING ALUM:

DAVIS' O. K.....Contains Alum
R. B. Davis & Co., New York.
UNIVERSAL.....Contains Alum.
Universal Baking Powder Co., Harrisburg.
CLIMAX.....Contains Alum.
Climax Baking Powder Co., Indianapolis.
CROWN.....Contains Alum.
J. P. Dieter, Co., Chicago.
GOLDEN ROD.....Contains Alum.
Canby, Arch & Canby, Dayton, O.
MOUNTEN.....Contains Alum.
Louis Horpel & Co., Baltimore.
ROLAN.....Contains Alum.
Smith, Horpel & Co., Baltimore.
LESLIE'S.....Contains Alum.
The A. Colburn Co., Philadelphia.
A. & P.....Contains Alum.
Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co., New York.
GRAND UNION.....Contains Alum.
Grand Union Tea Co, New York.

In addition to these, it is learned that many grocers are selling what they call their own private or special brands. These powders are put up for the grocer, and his name put upon the labels by manufacturers of alum powders in Philadelphia, Pittsburg, Cincinnati, and elsewhere. The manufacturers, it is said, find their efforts to market their goods in this way greatly aided by the ambition of the grocer to sell a powder with his own name upon the label, especially as he can make an abnormal profit upon it. Many grocers, doubtless, do not know that the powders they are thus pushing contain alum and would be actually contraband in many sections if sold without disguise.

It is quite impossible to give the names of all the alum baking powders in the market They are constantly appearing in all sorts of disguises, under all kinds of cognomens, and at all kinds of prices, even as low as five and ten cents a pound. They can be avoided, however, by the housekeeper who will bear in mind that all baking powders sold at twenty-five cents or less per pound are liable to contain alumn, as pure cream of tarter powders cannot be produced at anything like this price.

COURT HOUSE NEWS.

Items of Interest Which Transpired at Centre County's Temple of Justice.

The following marriage licenses were issued during the past week by Register G. W. Rumbarger.

Walter Fanning and Cora Duff, both of State College.

Wm. Patton and Maggie Reese, both of Port Matilda.

John W. Bathurst and Mabel C. Cox, both of Coleville.

John S. Holter, of Howard, Pa., and Bertha C. Bennison, of Walker twp,

Theodore Fetzer, of Boggs twp., and Gertie Inhoope, of Patton twp.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Bellefonte Cemetery Association to Wilbur T. Twitmire. Dated Aug. 19th 1899. Lot in Bellefonte boro. Consideration $30.00.

Thos. Kustenborder et ux to D. G. Meek. 6 acres 35 perches in Ferguson twp. Consideration $450.00.

Lehigh Valley Coal company to Andrew Balko, Aug. 23rd, 1899. 1-8-100 acres in Snow Shoe. Consideration $140.

Elmer Laird et ux to John F. Harper. July 28th, 1896. Lot in Rush twp. Consideration $62.50.

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION.

To A. J. Graham upon the estate of Samuel M. Graham, late of Philipsburg boro.

To Samuel B. Parker upon the estate of D. H. Parker late of Philipsburg boro.

To G. H. Lichtenthaler upon the estate of Irene Marion McFall late of Philipsburg boro.

Young Priest Dies.

John E. McMahon, of Williamsport, Monday received a telegram announcing the death of his son, Rev. James C. McMahon, which occurred at Manitou, Col. The news was a shock to his relatives, as he was expected home Wednesday, and preparations had been made to give him a cordial reception. He was 25 years of age and was a graduate of Overbrooke seminary. He was ordained a priest by Bishop Hennessy, at Wichita, Kan., in May, 1898, and said his first mass at the church of Annunciation, Williamsport, May 29. Later he went west for the benefit of his health and became chaplain of Mt. Calm Sanitarium, Manitou.

—Bad blood and indigestion are deadly enemies to good health. Burdock Blood Bitters destroys them.